McKEAN COUNTY MINER.

OLSON & GILBERT, Proprietors. OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE COUNTY. Terms: $1.25 per Year, in Advance.

VOL. XXXI. SMETHPORT, McKEAN COUNTY, PA., FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 28, 1894. NO. [illegible]

Official Directory

STATE

Governor—Robert E. Pattison.
Lieutenant Governor—L. A. Watres.
State Treasurer—Samuel M. Jackson.
Auditor General—David McM. Gregg.
Sec'y Internal Affairs—Thos. J. Stewart.

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Additional Law Judge—Thomas A. Morrison
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[illegible] F. Bennon, Bradford
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[illegible] H. N. Smith, Bradford
District Attorney—Sheridan Gorton, Smethport
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[illegible] Smethport, E. A. R. [illegible]
[illegible] Brown, Eldred
[illegible] Frank Baldwin, Duke
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[illegible] Gallup
[illegible] N. H. Knapp
[illegible] D. C. Young, Wm. Kaser
[illegible] Geo. E. Brownell
Judge of Election—J. C. Lasker
Inspectors of Election—A. F. Waller, John [illegible]

Terms of Court—Fourth Monday in [illegible]ary, First Monday in June and October, [illegible] Monday in December.

Lodge Directory.

F. & A. M.—McKean Lodge, No. 388, meets on the second and fourth Wednesday of each month, at 7½ o'clock, at Masonic Hall, Main street. GEO. E. BROWNELL, W. M. J. A. [illegible], Sec'y.

I. O. O. F.—Smethport Lodge No. 389 meets every [illegible] evening at 8 o'clock in I. O. O. F. Hall. [illegible] Initiatory degree 1st meeting [illegible] degree on second [illegible] degree on fourth meetings. C. A. BURDICK, N. G. [illegible], Sec'y.

[illegible] Smethport Encampment No. [illegible] first and third Wednesdays of each month [illegible] I. O. O. F. Hall. J. D. GARITY, Chief Patriarch. [illegible], Scribe.

G. A. R. McKean Post No. 347 meets first and third Thursday evening of each month at [illegible] A. O. U. W. Hall, Backus [illegible]. T. A. MORROW, Com. [illegible], Adjutant.

W. R. C. Meets Thursday afternoon at A. O. U. W. Hall, Backus Block. MRS. SARAH M. VICKERY, Prest. MRS. [illegible] CHAMBERS, Sec'y.

Knights of St. John and Malta—[illegible] No. 77 meet 1st and 3d Tuesday evening in I. O. O. F. Hall. R. L. KNAPP, Em. Com. [illegible], Chancellor.

A. O. U. W.—Smethport Lodge, No. 182, meets each first and last Tuesday evenings of month, in the A. O. U. W. Hall, Backus Block. CHAS. LEMMLER, M. W. SHERIDAN GORTON, Recorder.

E. A. U.—Smethport Union, No. 523, meets on [illegible] fourth Wednesday evenings [illegible] in I. O. O. F. hall. R. L. KEENAN, President. MRS. [illegible] W. VICKERY, Secretary.

K. O. T. M.—Smethport Tent No. 9 meets every Monday evening at 7:30 in A. O. U. W. hall, Backus Block. W. G. HOLDEN, Com. [illegible], R. K.

L. O. T. M.—[illegible] Hive No. [illegible] Meets in A. O. U. W. Hall, Backus Block, Tuesday afternoon. MRS. W. S. GIFFORD, Com. MRS. [illegible], R. K.

C. M. B. A.—Smethport Branch 83 meets [illegible] Wednesdays of each month [illegible] hall, Backus block, at 7:30 p. m. JAMES LYNCH, Prest. THOMAS CLARK, Rec. Sec'y.

W. C. T. U.—Meets every alternate Saturday afternoon at 3 p. m., in the M. E. Chapel. MRS. D. L. FORESTER, Prest. MRS. M. R. RICHMOND, Sec'y.

P. H. C.—Smethport Branch No. 25 meets [illegible] Wednesday evenings of each month in [illegible] Hall. [illegible] CHADWICK, Pres. MRS. W. S. MANNING, Sec'y.

Churches

Methodist—Rev. J. W. Wright, Pastor. Preaching at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. every Sunday. Sabbath school immediately after morning services. [illegible] League at 6:30 p. m. Sunday. Prayer Meeting on Thursday evenings at 7 o'clock. [illegible] meetings Friday evenings at 7 o'clock. [illegible] Meetings on Saturday evenings at [illegible].

Baptist—Rev. G. W. HALLIWELL, pastor. Preaching every Sunday at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Bible school directly after morning services. Prayer meeting Wednesday evenings at [illegible]. Young People's prayer meeting at 7 [illegible] every Sunday evening. Covenant meeting [illegible] before the first Sunday in each month [illegible] and the Lord's supper [illegible] of every month. [illegible]

Episcopal—Rev. J. HARRY McCANDLESS, Rector. Services every Sunday at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. [illegible] Sunday school at 9:30 a. m. [illegible] Chapel [illegible] Rev. J. HARRY McCANDLESS, Rector. [illegible] every Sunday at 3 [illegible]. The Ladies Guild meet [illegible].

[illegible] Church—J. J. GARVEY [illegible] Mass at 11 a. m. [illegible] Sunday school at 3 p. m. Services in [illegible] Sunday at Smethport and Clermont.

[illegible] meeting at Farmers school house [illegible] every Sabbath afternoon at [illegible] Sabbath school immediately after preaching.

[illegible] P. W. HYMANS, Pastor. Services every Sunday morning at 10:30 a. m. [illegible] Sunday school at 11:30 a. m. Class [illegible] after evening preaching. [illegible] Meeting Saturday 1:30 p. m. [illegible]

[illegible] Church, J. M. Leach pastor. Services Sunday at 2:30 p. m. Sunday School [illegible] Gospel Service Wednesday evening [illegible].

Professional Cards.

Attorneys

[illegible] G. A. STURGEON
Stone & Sturgeon.
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW. Offices: Pompelon Hall, Bradford, Pa.

J. W. Bouton.
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELOR. Office [illegible] Banking Office, Smethport, Pa.

Geo. A. Berry.
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Rooms 6 and 6½ Berry Block, Bradford, Pa.

[illegible] HAMLIN JOHN FORREST
Hamlin & Forrest.
LAW AND LAND OFFICE, Smethport, Pa. Office of the lands of Hamlin & Forrest (formerly [illegible]) situated in the counties of McKean, Potter, Cameron, Clinton and [illegible].

Sheridan Gorton.
ATTORNEY AT LAW and District Attorney McKean County. Office in the Court House [illegible].

L. L. Keenan.
ATTORNEY AT LAW. Office opposite Court House, Smethport, Pa. All legal business [illegible] promptly.

M. H. Byles.
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELOR AT LAW. [illegible] Temple Building, Bradford, Pa.

[illegible] MULLIN T. F. MULLIN
Mullin & Mullin.
ATTORNEYS AT LAW, 13 Main Street, Bradford, Pa.

R. H. Mayo.
ATTORNEY AT LAW. Office in Odd Fellows [illegible] over the Post Office, Smethport, Pa.

P. R. Cotter.
ATTORNEY AT LAW, Eldred, Pa. Will give [illegible] attention to all business entrusted to him.

JAMES H. BENSON,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
Office in Second Street,
COUDERSPORT, PA.

A. S. HECK,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
COUDERSPORT, PA.
Cor. Main & Third Sts., in Mann & [illegible] building.

[illegible] DORNAN JOHN ORMEROD.
DORNAN & ORMEROD,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,
COUDERSPORT, PA.
[illegible] Main and Third Streets.

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John Clark, M. D. C. M.
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J. C. Brown.
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON. Office in Gleason Building, Smethport, Pa.

HOTELS

Grand Central Hotel,
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John C. Drenman, Proprietor.
This hotel has recently been renovated and refurnished. The table and bar constantly supplied with the best the market affords. First class in every respect. Rates reasonable.

WRIGHT HOUSE,
Main Street, Smethport, Penna. B. F. Wright, Proprietor.
This Hotel is recently built and is furnished with all the conveniences of a first class hotel. A well stocked and well kept Bar connected with the house. First class in every respect. Rates reasonable.

CHAUTAUQUA HOUSE
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This House has recently been greatly improved in all its appointments, making it one of the most convenient hotels in the county. Good beds and attentive clerks. The tables are supplied with all the delicacies of the season. A liberal share of the public patronage is respectfully solicited.

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This Hotel has been recently rebuilt and is newly furnished throughout in the latest style. ☞ First class accommodations for the traveling public.
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Hotel La Mont,
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The LaMont is located four doors from the depot, and is equipped with all conveniences for the comfort of guests.

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Having recently purchased the above Hotel and made extensive improvements I am prepared to cater to the traveling public.
C. S. KING, PROPRIETOR.

HOTEL IMPERIAL,
GEO. P. BABCOCK, Prop.
UNION ST. OPPOSITE PARK.
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Having taken possession of the above Hotel I am prepared to entertain my old friends and new ones as well in the proper manner. Come and see me.

CROWELL HOUSE,
COUDERSPORT, PA.
WM. M. VANSTRIS, Proprietor.
First class accommodations.
Free Buss to and from all trains.

T. H. PURTLE
General Blacksmithing,
CARRIAGE AND WAGON WORK
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Having bought out the carriage and wagon making business of John Servatius I am now prepared to do all work in the above lines.
Carriage Painting A Specialty.

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Stationery of all kinds.
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Satisfaction guaranteed and prices as low as the Lowest. Call and inspect our new stock.

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Place your insurance with C. A. Burdick who represents reliable companies of all kinds.
Fire, Life and Accidental
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The Domestic and
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Sold for cash or on installments. Call and see us before purchasing elsewhere, at the
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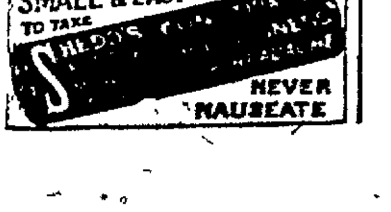

F. C. PIERCE,
Surgeon Dentist.

Twenty years of practice.
GAS ADMINISTERED FOR PAINLESS EXTRACTION.
Office over O. C. Young's new store.

BARBER SHOP,
Alfred Sturdvoint.
Next to [illegible] Callup's Store, Main St.
Shaving and Hair-Dressing
In the latest style of art.
None but first class workmen employed.
Alfred Sturdvoint, Surgeon Chiropodist. Corns removed in a few minutes without pain or soreness. Also treatment for Bunions and ingrowing nails.
☞ BATH ROOMS ATTACHED.

BLACKSMITHING!
The subscriber has purchased the blacksmith shop recently occupied by Charles Krueger, on Mechanic street, near Gifford's saw mill, where he is prepared to do first-class blacksmithing, including
HORSESHOEING.
Satisfaction guaranteed. He also manufactures
SLEIGHS.
Can Cure All Ordinary Lameness in Horse's Feet and Legs.
CHAS. W. LILGENDAHL.
Smethport, Aug. 8th, '94.

ARMSTRONG'S,
SMETHPORT, PA.
DRUG and BOOK STORE.
A Full Line of Drugs and Standard Patent Medicines.
A specialty of Perfumery, fine Stationery, Scrap Books, Card Albums, Celluloid Toilet Sets, Pocket Books, Writing Desks, Views, Dressing Cases, Family Bibles, Standard Authors, Christmas Cards, Excelsior Diaries.
All Kinds of Fancy Goods.

Pianos and Organs.
Should you want a Chickering, Knabe, Haines Brothers, Ivers & Pond or any first-class
PIANO,
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A. BLAKE,
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Newest Styles, Lowest Prices, Easiest Terms. Only Standard Makes.
E. L. SMITH, Gen'l Agt.

UNDERTAKING
AND
EMBALMING
IN ALL BRANCHES PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO BY AN EXPERIENCED FUNERAL DIRECTOR.
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SMETHPORT PA.

CHARLES LEMMLER
AT THE OLD STAND
CARRIES A FINE STOCK OF
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EQUAL TO ANY IN THE MARKET.
WHIPS IN EVERY STYLE.
ALSO LAP DUSTERS.
The Celebrated Stock Food and Hoof Dressing.
EVERYTHING OF THE FINEST WORKMANSHIP AND LATEST STYLES.
GIVE ME A CALL.
And if I can't suit you, you can not be suited anywhere.

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THE FASHIONABLE TAILOR.
CUTS OF LATEST STYLES
Free for the Inspection of Customers.
Neatest of Fits Guaranteed.
GIVE ME A TRIAL.
- ROOMS -
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ON MAIN ST., SMETHPORT, PA.

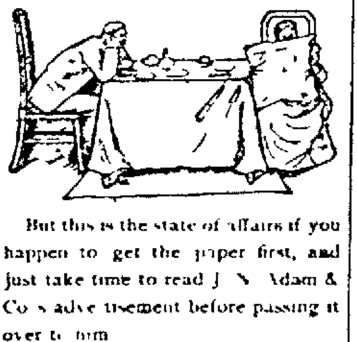
SIMON & DOERR,
ELDRED, PA.
BOTTLERS AND CARBONATORS.
Rochester Bohemian Export Lager and Pure Native Wines for Family Use.
SIMON & DOERR,
ELDRED, PA.

WHEN IN BUFFALO GO TO
Moore's
NEW RESTAURANT.
CATERER AND CATERERS' SUPPLIES.
Special attention to catering out of the city. Open after theater.
NO 12 WEST MOHAWK ST.
3d Door from Main. 4th Door from Star Theater.

SECURE A PRACTICAL BUSINESS EDUCATION AT
College Commercial
BUFFALO N. Y.
WRITE FOR PARTICULARS.

J. N. ADAM & Co.

This is the way things are in your household while your husband is reading the paper. You sit by the table calm and complacent while he goes through the telegraph news, the local items, the markets, the editorials, and the selected miscellany.



But this is the state of affairs if you happen to get the paper first, and just take time to read J. N. Adam & Co.'s advertisement before passing it over to him.

He ought to know better. He ought to know that a woman has only one way of making money—by saving it—and that is why so many women find our advertisements the most interesting reading matter in the paper.

Great chances to save money just now in Fall Millinery, Fall and Winter Cloaks, Autumn Dress Goods, Ladies' and Children's Gloves, Underwear and Furnishing Goods of every kind. Likewise on Carpets and Draperies.

J. N. Adam & Co.,
383-389 Main Street,
BUFFALO, N. Y.

Wagon & Carriage
FACTORY.

Having leased the factory formerly operated by C. C. Warren, at Coudersport, Pa., I am now making all the needed improvements and enlarging the facilities for doing an extensive business.
I am now manufacturing
Buggies,
Road Carts,
Platform,
Lumber
and Road
WAGONS.
I make a specialty of three and four inch tired Wagons, using only the best materials.
Only the best workmen employed, and all work will be under my personal supervision.
THOS. R. CRAFT,
June 14, 1894. COUDERSPORT, PA.

BLACKSMITH SHOP,
THOS. McGRAW, Proprietor,
East Smethport, Pa.
Having opened business in the above place, I am now prepared to do all kinds of repairing of wagons, horseshoeing, &c. Satisfaction guaranteed.

W. C. ROCKWELL,
"THE FLORIST,"
BRADFORD, PA.
Cut Flowers for
Weddings, Parties and Funerals.
TELEPHONE 130.

REAL MERIT is the characteristic of Hood's Sarsaparilla. It cures even after other preparations fail. Get Hood's and ONLY HOOD'S.

AUTHOR OF "KING SOLOMON'S MINES," "JESS," ETC.
(COPYRIGHT 1893 BY THE AUTHOR.)

MONTEZUMA'S DAUGHTER.

BY H. RIDER HAGGARD.

[CONTINUED.]

CHAPTER XXVIII

OTOMIE PLEADS WITH HER PEOPLE.

When I awoke it was to find myself in a cave, where the light shone very dimly. Otomie leaned over me, and not far away a man was cooking a pot over a fire made of dry aloe leaves.

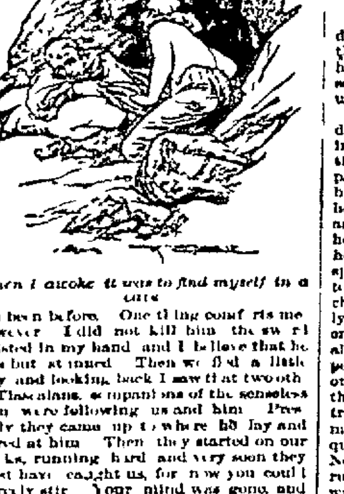
"Where am I, and what has happened?" I asked.

"You are safe, beloved," she answered, "at least for awhile. When you have eaten, I will tell you more."

She brought me broth and food, and I ate eagerly, and when I was satisfied she spoke.

"You remember how the Tlascalan followed us and how—I was rid of him?"

"I remember, Otomie, though how you found strength to kill him I do not understand."



When I awoke it was to find myself in a cave.

"Love and despair gave it to me, and I pray that I may never have such another need. Do not speak of it, husband, for this is more terrible to me than all that has been before. One thing comforts me, however: I did not kill him; the sword twisted in my hand, and I believe that he was but stunned. Then we fled a little way, and looking back I saw that two other Tlascalans, companions of the senseless man, were following us and him. Presently they came up to where he lay and stared at him. Then they started on our tracks, running hard, and very soon they must have caught us, for now you could scarcely stir. Your mind was gone, and I had no more strength to carry you.

"Still we stumbled on till presently when the pursuers were within 50 paces of us, I saw armed men—eight of them—rushing at us from the bushes. They were of my own people, the Otomies, soldiers that had served under you who watched the Spanish camp, and seeing a Spaniard alone they came to slay him. They very nearly did so indeed, for at first I was so breathless I could scarcely speak, but at last in a few words I made shift to declare my name and rank and your sad plight. But now the two Tlascalans were upon us, and I called to the men of the Otomie to protect us, and falling on the Tlascalans before they knew that enemies were there they killed one of them and took the other prisoner. Then they made a litter, and placing you on it bore you without rest 20 leagues into the mountains, till they reached this secret hiding place, and here you have lain three days and nights. The Teules have searched far and wide, but they have searched in vain. Only yesterday two of them with 10 Tlascalans passed within 100 paces of this cave, and I had much ado to prevent our people from attacking them. Now they are gone whence they came, and I think that we are safe for a time. Soon you will be better, and we can go hence."

"Where can we go to, Otomie? We are birds without a nest."

"We must seek shelter in the City of Pines or cross the water. There is no other choice, husband."

"We cannot fly the sea, Otomie, for all the ships that come here are Spanish, and I do not know how they will greet us in the City of Pines now that our cause is lost and with it so many thousands of their warriors."

"We must take the risk, husband. There are still true hearts in Anahuac who will stand by us in our sorrow and their own. At the least we have escaped from greater dangers. Now let me dress your wounds and rest awhile."

So for three more days I lay in the cave of the mountains, and Otomie tended me, and at the end of that time my state was such that I could travel in a litter, though for some weeks I was unable to set foot to the ground. On the fourth day we started by night, and I was carried on men's shoulders till at length we passed up the gorge that leads to the City of Pines. Here we were stopped by sentries, to whom Otomie told our tale, bidding some of them go forward and repeat it to the captains of the city. We followed the messengers slowly, for my bearers were weary, and came to the gates of the beautiful town just as the red rays of sunset struck upon the snowy pinnacle of Xaca that towers behind it, turning her cap of smoke to a sullen red, like that of molten iron.

The news of our coming had spread about, and here and there knots of people were gathered to watch us pass. For the most part they stood silent, but now and again some woman whose husband or son had perished in the siege would hiss a curse at us.

Alas, how different was our state this day to what it had been when not a year before we entered the City of Pines for the first time! Then we were escorted by an army 10,000 strong; then musicians had sung before us, and our path was strewn with flowers. And now! Now we came two fugitives from the vengeance of the Teules—I borne in a litter by four tired soldiers, while Otomie, the princess of this people, still clad in her wanton's robe, at which the women mocked, for she had been able to come by no other, tramped at my side, since there was none to carry her, and the inhabitants of the place cursed us as the authors of their woes. Nor did we know if they would stop at words.

At length we crossed the square beneath the shadow of the teocalli and reached the ancient and sculptured palace as the light failed and the smoke on Xaca, the holy hill, began to glow with the fire in its heart. Here small preparation had been made to receive us, and that night we supped by the light of a torch upon tortillas, or meal cakes, and water, like the humblest in the land. Then we crept to our rest, and as I lay awake because of the pain of my hurts I heard Otomie, who thought that I slept, break into low sobbing at my side. Her proud spirit was humbled at last, and she, whom I had never known to weep except once when our firstborn died in the siege, wept bitterly.

"Why do you sorrow thus, Otomie?" I asked at length.

"I did not know that you were awake, husband," she sobbed in answer, "or I would have checked my grief. Husband, I sorrow over all that has befallen us and our people, also, though these are but little things, because you are brought low and treated as a man of no estate, and of the cold comfort that we find here."

"You have cause, wife," I answered. "Say, what will these Otomies do with us—kill us or give us up to the Teules?"

"I do not know; tomorrow we shall learn. But for my part I will not be surrendered living."

"Nor I, wife. Death is better than the tender mercies of Cortes and his minister, De Garcia. Is there any hope?"

"Yes, there is hope, beloved. Now the Otomies are cast down, and they remember that we led the flower of their land to death. But they are brave and generous at heart, and if I can touch them there all may yet be well. Weariness, pain and memory make us weak, who should be full of courage, having escaped so many ills. Sleep, my husband, and leave me to think. All shall yet go well, for even misfortune has an end."

So I slept and woke in the morning somewhat refreshed and with a happier mind, for who is there that is not bolder when the light shines on him and he is renewed by rest?

When I opened my eyes, the sun was already high, but Otomie had risen with the dawn, and she had not been idle during those three hours. For one thing she had contrived to obtain food and raiment more befitting to our rank than the rags in which we were clothed, also she had brought together certain men of condition who were friendly and loyal to her in misfortune, and these she sent about the city, letting it be known that she would address the people at midday from the steps of the palace, for, as Otomie well knew, the heartstrings of a crowd are touched more easily than those of cold and ancient counselors.

"Will they come to listen?" I asked.

"Have no fear," she answered. "The desire to look upon us who have survived the siege and to know the truth of what has happened will bring them. Moreover some will be there seeking vengeance on us."

Otomie was right, for as the morning drew on toward midday I saw the dwellers in the City of Pines gathering in thousands, till the space between the steps of the palace and the face of the pyramid was black with them. Now Otomie combed her curling hair and placed flowers in it and set a gleaming feather cloak about her shoulders, so that it hung down over her white robes, and on her breast that splendid necklace of emeralds, which Guatemoc had given to me in the treasure chamber and which she had preserved safely through all our evil fortune, and a golden girdle about her waist. In her hand also she took a little scepter of ebony tipped with gold that was in the palace, with other ornaments and emblems of rank, and thus attired, though she was worn with traveling and suffering and grief had dimmed her beauty for awhile, she seemed the queenliest woman that my eyes have seen.

Next she caused me to be laid upon my rude litter, and when the hour of noon was come she commanded those soldiers who had borne me across the mountains to carry me by her side. Thus we issued from the wide doorway of the palace and took our stand upon the platform at the head of the steps. As we came a great cry rose from the thousands of the people, a fierce cry like that of wild beasts howling for their prey. Higher and higher it rose, a sound to strike terror into the bravest heart, and by degrees I caught its purport.

"Kill them!" said the cry. "Give the liar to the Teules."

Otomie stepped forward to the edge of the platform, and lifting the ebony scepter she stood silent, the sunlight beating on her lovely face and form. But the multitude screamed a thousand taunts and threats at us, and still the tumult grew. Once they rushed toward her as though to tear her to pieces, but fell back at the last stair as a wave falls from a rock, and once a spear was thrown that passed between her neck and shoulder.

Now the soldiers who had carried me, making certain that our death was at hand and having no wish to share it, set my litter down upon the stones and slipped back into the palace, but all this while Otomie never moved—no, not even when the spear hissed past her. She stood before them stately and scornful, a very queen among women, and little by little the majesty of her presence and the greatness of her courage hushed them to silence. When there was quiet at length she spoke in a clear voice that carried far.

"Am I among my own people of the Otomie?" she asked bitterly, "or have we lost our path and wandered perchance among some savage Tlascalan tribe? Listen, people of the Otomie. I have but one voice, and none can speak with a multitude. Choose you a tongue to speak for you and let him set out the desire of your hearts."

Now the tumult began again, for some shouted one name and some another, but in the end a priest and noble named Maxtla stepped forward, a man of great power among the Otomie, who above all had favored an alliance with the Spaniards and opposed the sending of an army to aid Guatemoc in the defense of Tenoctitlan. Nor did he come alone, for with him were four chiefs whom by their dress I knew to be Tlascalans and envoys from Cortes. Then my heart sank, for it was not difficult to guess the object of their coming.

"Speak on, Maxtla," said Otomie, "for we must hear what there is for us to answer, and you, people of the Otomie, I pray you keep silence that you may judge between us when there is an end of talking."

Now a great silence fell upon the multitude, who pressed together like sheep in a pen and strained their ears to catch the words of Maxtla.

"My speech with you, princess, and the Teule, your outlawed husband, shall be short and sharp," he began roughly. "A while hence you came hither to seek an army to aid Cuitlahua, emperor of the Aztecs, in his struggle with the Teules, the sons of Quetzal. That army was given you against the wishes of many of us, for you won over the council by the honey of your words, and we who urged caution or even an alliance with the white men, the children of God, were overruled. You went hence, and 20,000 men, the flower of our people, followed you to Tenoctitlan. Where are they now? I will tell you. Some 200 of them have crept back home, the rest fly to and fro through the air in the gizzards of the zaphilotes or crouch on the earth in the bellies of jackals. Death has them all, and you led them to their deaths. Is it, then, much that we should seek the lives of you two in payment for those 20,000 of our sons, our husbands and our fathers? But we do even ask this. Here beside me stand embassadors from Malincho, the captain of the Teules, who reached our city but an hour ago. This is the demand that they bring from Malincho, and in his own words.

"'Deliver back to me Otomie, the daughter of Montezuma, and the renegade of her paramour, who is known as Teule, and who has fled from the justice due to his crimes, and it shall be well with you, people of the Otomie. Hide them or refuse to deliver them and the fate of the City of Pines shall be as the fate of Tenoctitlan, queen of the valley. Choose, then, between my love and my wrath, people of the Otomie. If you obey, the past shall be forgiven, and my yoke will be light upon you. If you refuse, your city shall be stamped flat and your very name wiped out of the records of the world.'

"Say, messengers of the Malincho, are not these the words of Malincho?"

"They are his very words, Maxtla," said the spokesman of the embassy.

Now again there was a tumult among the people, and voices cried, "Give them up, give them to Malincho as a peace offering." Otomie stood forward to speak, and it died away, for all desired to hear her words. Then she spoke:

"It seems, people of the Otomie, that I am on trial before my own vassals, and my husband with me. Well, I will plead our cause as well as a woman may, and having the power you shall judge between us and Maxtla and his allies, Malincho and the Tlascalans. What is our offense? It is that we came hither by the command of Cuitlahua to seek your aid in his war with the Teules. What did I tell you then? I told you that if the people of Anahuac would not stand together against the white men they must be broken one by one, like the sticks of an unbound fagot, and cast into the flames. Did I speak lies? Nay, I spoke the truth, for through the treason of her tribes, and chiefly through the treason of the Tlascalans, Anahuac is fallen and Tenoctitlan is a ruin sown with dead like a field with corn."

"It is true," cried a voice.

"Yes, people of the Otomie, it is true, but I say that had all the warriors of the nations of Anahuac played the part that your sons played the tale had run otherwise. They are dead, and because of their death you would deliver us to our foes and yours, but I, for one, do not mourn them, though among their number are many of my kin. Nay, be not wroth, but listen. It is better that they should lie dead in honor, having earned for themselves a wreath of fame and an immortal dwelling in the house of the sun, than that they should live to be slaves, which, it seems, is your desire, people of the Otomie. There is no false word in what I said to you. Now the sticks that Malincho has used to beat out the brains of Guatemoc shall be broken and burned to cook the pot of the Teules. Already these false children are his slaves. Have you not heard his command, that the tribes, his allies, shall labor in the quarries and the streets till the glorious city he has burned rises afresh upon the face of the waters? Will you not hasten to take your share in the work, people of the Otomie, the work that knows no rest and no reward except the lash of the overseer and the curse of the Teule? Surely you will hasten, people of the mountains! Your hands are shaped to the spade and the trowel, not to the bow and the spear, and it will be sweeter to toil to do the will and swell the wealth of Malincho in the sun of the valley or the shadow of the mine than to abide here free upon your hills, where as yet no foe has set his foot!"

Again she paused, and a murmur of doubt and unrest went through the thousands who listened. Maxtla stepped forward and would have spoken, but the people shouted him down, crying: "Otomie, Otomie! Let us hear the words of Otomie."

"I thank you, my people," she said, "for I have still much to tell you. Our crime is then that we drew an army after us to fight against the Teules. And how did we draw this army? Did I command you to muster your array? Nay, I set out my case, and I said, 'Now choose.' You chose, and of your own free will you dispatched those glorious companies that now are dead. My crime is, therefore, that you chose wrongly, as you say; but, as I still hold most rightly, and because of this crime I and my husband are to be given as a peace offering to the Teules. Listen. Let me tell you something of those wars in which we have fought before you give us to the Teules and our mouths are silent forever. Where shall I begin? I know not. Stay, I bore a child—had he lived he would have been your prince today. That child I saw starve to death before my eyes, inch by inch and day by day I saw him starve. But it is nothing. Who am I that I should complain because I have lost my son, when so many of your sons are dead and their blood is required at my hands? Listen again," and she went on to tell in burning words of the horrors of the siege, of the cruelties of the Spaniards and of the bravery of the men of the Otomie whom I had commanded. For a full hour she spoke thus, while all that vast audience hung upon her words, also she told of the part that I played in the struggle and of the deeds which I had done, and now and again some soldier in the crowd who served under me and who had escaped the famine and the massacre, cried out.

"It is true. We saw it with our eyes."

"And so," she said, "at last it was finished; at last Tenoctitlan was a ruin and my cousin and my king the glorious Guatemoc lay a prisoner in the hands of Malincho, and with my husband Teule, my sister, I myself and many another. Malincho swore that he would treat Guatemoc and his following with all honor. Do you know how he treated him? Within a few days Guatemoc our king was seated in the chair of torment while slaves burned him with hot irons to cause him to declare the hiding place of the treasure of Montezuma! Aye, you may well cry 'Shame upon him!' You shall cry it yet more loudly before I have done, for know that Guatemoc did not suffer alone. One lies there who suffered with him and spoke no word, and I also, your princess, was doomed to torment. We escaped when death was at our door, for I told my husband that the people of the Otomie had true hearts and would shelter us in our sorrow, and for his sake I, Otomie, disguised myself in the robe of a wanton and fled with him hither. Could I have known what I should live to see and hear, could I have dreamed that you would receive us thus, I had died a hundred deaths before I came to stand and plead for pity at your hands.

"Oh, my people, I beseech of you, make no terms with the false Teule, but remain bold and free. Your necks are not fitted to the yoke of the slave; your sons and daughters are of too high a blood to serve the foreigner in his needs and pleasures. Defy Malincho. Some of our race are dead, but many thousands remain. Here in your mountain nest you can beat back every Teule in Anahuac, as in bygone years the false Tlascalans beat back the Aztecs. Then the Tlascalans were free; now they are a race of serfs. Say, will you share their serfdom? My people, my people, think not that I plead for myself or even for the husband who is more dear to me than aught save honor. Do you indeed dream that we will suffer you to hand us living to these dogs of Tlascalans, whom Malincho insults you by sending as his messengers?"

"Look!" and she walked to where the spear that had been hurled at her lay upon the pavement and lifted it, "here is a means of death that some friend has sent us, and if you will not listen to my pleading you shall see it used before your eyes. Then, if you will, you may send our bodies to Malincho as a peace offering. But for your own sakes I plead with you. Defy Malincho, and if you must die at last die as freemen and not as slaves of the Teule. Behold now his tender mercies and see the lot that shall be yours if you take another counsel, the counsel of Maxtla," and coming to the litter on which I lay she rent my robes from me, leaving me almost naked to the waist, and unwound the bandages from my wounded limb, then lifted me up so that I rested upon my sound foot.

"Look!" she cried in a piercing voice, and pointing to the scars and unhealed wounds upon my face and leg. "Look on the work of Teule and the Tlascalan; see how the foe is dealt with who surrenders to them. Yield if you will, desert us if you will, but I say that then your own bodies shall be marked in a like fashion till not an ounce of gold is left that can minister to the greed of the Teule, or a man or a maiden who can labor to satisfy his indolence."

Then she ceased, and letting me sink gently to the ground, for I could not stand alone, she stood over me, the spear in her hand, as though waiting to plunge it to my heart should the people still demand our surrender to the messengers of Cortes.

For one instant there was silence; then of a sudden the clamor and the tumult broke out again ten times more furiously than at first. But it was no longer aimed at us. Otomie had conquered. Her noble words, her beauty, the tale of our sorrows and the sight of my torments had done their work, and the heart of the people was filled with fury against the Teules who had destroyed their army and the Tlascalans that had aided them. Never did the wit and eloquence of a woman cause a swifter change. They screamed and tore their robes and shook their weapons in the air. Maxtla strove to speak, but they pulled him down, and presently he was flying for his life. Then they turned upon the Tlascalan envoys and beat them with sticks, crying:

"This is our answer to Malincho. Run, you dogs, and take it!" till they were driven from the town.

Now at length the tumult ceased, and some of the great chiefs came forward, and kissing the hand of Otomie said:

"Princess, we, your children, will guard you to the death, for you have put another heart into us. You are right. It is better to die free than to live as slaves."

"See, my husband," said Otomie, "I was not mistaken when I told you that my people were loyal and true. But now we must make ready for war, for they have gone too far to turn back, and when this tiding comes to the ears of Malincho he will be like a puma robbed of her young. Now let us rest. I am very weary."

"Otomie," I answered, "there has lived no greater woman than you upon this earth."

"I cannot tell, husband," she said, smiling. "If I have won your praise and safety, it is enough for me."

CHAPTER XXIX.

THE END OF GUATEMOC.

Now for awhile we dwelt in quiet at the City of Pines, and by slow degrees and with much suffering I recovered from the wounds that the cruel hand of De Garcia had inflicted upon me. But we knew that this peace could not last, and the people of the Otomie knew it also, for had they not scourged the envoys of Malincho out of the gates of their city? Many of them were now sorry that this had been done, but it was done, and they must reap as they had sown.

So they made ready for war, and Otomie was the president of their councils, in which I shared. At length came news that a force of 50 Spaniards, with 5,000 Tlascalan allies, were advancing on the city to destroy it. Then I took command of the tribesmen of the Otomie—there were 10,000 or more of them, all well armed after their own fashion—and advanced out of the city till I was two-thirds of the way down the gorge which leads to it. But I did not bring all my army down this gorge, since there was no room for them to fight there, and I had another plan. I sent some 7,000 men round the mountains, of which the secret paths were well known to them, bidding them climb to the crest of the precipices that bordered either side of the gorge, and there, at certain places where the cliff is sheer and more than 1,000 feet in height, to make a great provision of stones.

The rest of my army, excepting 500 whom I kept with me, I armed with bows and throwing spears and stationed them in ambush in convenient places where the sides of the cliff were broken and in such fashion that rocks from above could not be rolled on them. Then I sent trusty men as spies to warn me of the approach of the Spaniards and others whose mission it was to offer themselves to them as guides.

Now, I thought my plan good, and everything looked well, and yet it missed failure but by a very little, for Maxtla, our enemy and the friend of the Spaniards, was in my camp—indeed I had brought him with me that I might watch him—and he had not been idle.

For when the Spaniards were half a day's march from the mouth of the defile one of those men whom I had told off to watch their advance came to me and made it known that Maxtla had bribed him to go to the leader of the Spaniards and disclose to him the plan of the ambuscade. This man had taken the bribe and started on his errand of treachery, but his heart failed him, and returning he told me all. Then I caused Maxtla to be seized, and before nightfall he had paid the price of his wickedness.

On the morning after his death the Spanish array entered the pass. Half way down it I met them with my 500 men and engaged them, but suffered them to drive us back with some loss. As they followed they grew bolder and we fled faster till at length we flew down the defile, followed by the Spanish horse. Now, some three furlongs from its mouth that leads to the City of Pines this pass turns and narrows, and here the cliffs are so sheer and high that a twilight reigns at the foot of them.

Down the narrow way we ran in seeming rout, and after us came the Spaniards shouting on their saints and flushed with victory. But scarcely had we turned the corner when they sang another song, for those who were watching 1,000 feet above us gave the signal, and down from on high came a rain of stones and bowlders that darkened the air and crashed among them, crushing many of them.

On they struggled, seeing a wider way in front where the cliffs sloped, and perhaps half of them won through. But here the archers were waiting, and now, in the place of stones, arrows were hailed upon them till at length, utterly bewildered and unable to strike a blow in their own defense, they turned to fly toward the open country. This finished the fight, for now we assailed their flank, and once more the rocks thundered on them from above, and the end of it was that those who remained of the Spaniards and their Indian allies were driven in utter rout back to the plain beyond the pass of Pines.

After this battle the Spaniards troubled us no more for many years except by threats, and my name grew great among the people of the Otomie.

One Spaniard I rescued from death, and afterward I gave him his liberty. From him I inquired of the doings of De Garcia or Sarceda and learned that he was still in the service of Cortes, but that Marina had been true to her word and had brought disgrace upon him because he had threatened to put Otomie to the torture. Moreover, Cortes was angry with him because of our escape, the burden of which Marina had laid upon his shoulders, hinting that he had taken a bribe to suffer us to pass the gate.

Of the 14 years of my life which followed the defeat of the Spaniards I can speak briefly, for, compared to the time that had gone before, they were years of quiet. In them children were born to me and Otomie—three sons—and these children were my great joy, for I loved them dearly, and they loved me. Indeed, except for the strain of their mother's blood, they were English and not Indian, for I christened them all and taught them our English tongue and faith, and their mien and eyes were more English than Indian, though their skins were dark. But I had no luck with these dear children of mine any more than I have had with that which Lily bore me. Two of them died—one from a fever that all my skill would not avail to cure, and another by a fall from a lofty cedar tree, which he climbed searching for a kite's nest. Thus of the three of them—since I do not speak now of that infant, my firstborn, who perished in the siege—there remained to me only the eldest and best beloved, of whom I must tell hereafter.

For the rest, jointly with Otomie I was named cacique of the City of Pines at a great council that was held after I had destroyed the Spaniards and their allies, and as such we had wide though not absolute power. By the exercise of this power in the end I succeeded in abolishing the horrible rites of human sacrifice, though, because of this, a large number of the outlying tribes fell away from our rule, and the enmity of the priests was excited against me. The last sacrifice, except one only, the most terrible of them all, of which I will tell afterward, that was ever celebrated on the teocalli in front of the palace took place after the defeat of the Spaniards in the pass.

When I had dwelt three years in the City of Pines and two sons had been born to me there, secret messengers arrived that were to be sent by the friends of Guatemoc, who had survived the torture and was still a prisoner in the hands of Cortes. From these messengers we learned that Cortes was about to start upon an expedition to the gulf of Honduras, across the country that is now known as Yucatan, taking Guatemoc and other Aztec nobles with him, for he feared to leave them behind. We heard also that there was much murmuring among the conquered tribes of Anahuac because of the cruelties and extortions of the Spaniards, and many thought that the hour had come when a rising against them might be carried to a successful issue.

This was the prayer of those who sent the envoys—that I should raise a force of Otomies and travel with it across the country to Yucatan, and there with others who would be gathered wait a favorable opportunity to throw myself upon the Spaniards when they were entangled in the forests and swamps, putting them to the sword and releasing Guatemoc. Such was the first purpose of the plot, though it had many others of which it is useless to speak, seeing that they came to nothing.

When the message had been delivered, I shook my head sadly, for I could see no hope in such a scheme, but the chief of the messengers rose and led me aside, saying that he had a word for my ear.

"Guatemoc sends these words," he said. "'I hear that you, my brother, are hidden safe with my cousin Otomie in the mountains of the Otomie. I, alas, linger in the prisons of the Teules like a crippled eagle in a cage. My brother, if it is in your power to help me, do so, I conjure you, by the memory of our ancient friendship and of all that we have suffered together. Then a time may still come when I shall rule again in Anahuac, and you shall sit at my side.'"

I heard, and my heart was stirred, for then, as to this hour, I loved Guatemoc as a brother.

"Go back," I said, "and find means to tell Guatemoc that if I can save him I will, though I have small hope that way. Still let him look for me in the forests of Yucatan."

Now, when Otomie heard of this promise of mine she was vexed, for she said that it was foolish and would end in my losing my life. Still, however, she held with me that it must be carried out, and the end of it was that I raised [illegible] men, and with them set out upon my long and toilsome march, which I timed so as to meet Cortes in the passes of Yucatan. At the last moment Otomie wished to accompany me, but I forbade it, pointing out that she could leave neither of her children, and we parted with bitter grief for the first time.

Of all the hardships that I underwent I will not write. For 2½ months we struggled on across mountains and rivers and through swamps and forests till at last we reached a mighty deserted city that is called Palenque by the Indians of those parts, which has been uninhabited for many generations. This city is the most marvelous place that I have seen in all my travels, though much of it is hidden in bush, for wherever the traveler wanders there he finds vast palaces of marble, carven within and without, and sculptured teocallis and the huge images of grinning gods. Often have I wondered what nation was strong enough to build such a capital, and who were the kings that dwelt in it. But these are secrets belonging to the past, and they cannot be answered till some learned man has found the key to the stone symbols and writings with which the walls of the buildings are covered over.

In this city I hid with my men, though it was no easy task to persuade them to take up their habitation among so many ghosts of the departed, not to speak of the noisome fevers and the wild beasts and snakes that haunted it, for I had information that the Spaniards would pass through the swamp that lies between the ruins and the river, and there I hoped to ambush them. But on the eighth day of my hiding I learned from spies that Cortes had crossed the great river higher up and was cutting his way through the forest, for of swamps he had passed more than enough. So I hurried also to the river, intending to cross it. But all that day and all that night it rained as it can rain nowhere else in the world that I have seen, till at last we waded on our road knee deep in water, and when we came to the ford of the river it was to find a wide, roaring flood that no man could pass in anything less frail than a Yarmouth herring boat. So there on the bank we must stay in misery, suffering many ills from fever, lack of food and plentitude of water, till at length the stream ran down.

Three days and nights we waited there, and on the fourth morning I made shift to cross, losing four men by drowning in the passage. Once over, I hid my force in the bush and reeds and crept forward with six men only to see if I could discover anything of the whereabouts of the Spaniards. Within an hour I struck the trail that they had cut through the forest and followed it cautiously. Presently we came to a spot where the forest was thin, and here Cortes had camped, for there was heat left in the ashes of his fires, and among them lay the body of an Indian who had died from sickness. Not 50 yards from this camp stood a huge ceiba, a tree that has a habit of growth not unlike that of our English oak, though it is soft wooded and white barked and will increase more in bulk in 20 years than any oak may in 100.

Indeed I never yet saw an oak was so large as this ceiba of which I write, either in girth or in its spread of top, unless it be the Kirby oak or the tree that is called the King of Scoto, which grows at Bedingham, that is the next parish to this of Ditchingham, in Norfolk. On this ceiba tree many zaphilotes or vultures were perched, and as we crept toward it I saw what it was they came to seek, for from the lowest branches of the ceiba three corpses swung in the breeze. "Here are the Spaniards' footprints," I said. "Let us look at them," and we passed beneath the shadow of the tree.

As I came, a zaphilote alighted on the head of the body that hung nearest to me, and its weight or the wafting of the fowl's wing caused the dead man to turn round so that he came face to face with me. I looked, started back, then looked again and sank to the earth groaning, for here was he whom I had come to seek and save, my brother, Guatemoc, the last emperor of Anahuac. Here he hung in the dim and desolate forest, dead by the death of a thief, while the vulture shrieked upon his head. I sat bewildered and horror stricken, and as I sat I remembered the proud sign of Aztec royalty, a bird of prey clasping an adder in its claw. There before me was the last of the stock, and, behold, a bird of prey gripped his hair in its talons, a fitting emblem indeed of the fall of Anahuac and the kings of Anahuac.

I sprang to my feet, with an oath, and lifting the bow I held I sent an arrow through the vulture, and it fell to the earth fluttering and screaming. Then I bade those with me to cut down the corpses of Guatemoc and of the prince of Tacuba and another noble who hung with him and hollow a deep grave beneath the tree. There I laid them, and there I left them to sleep forever in its melancholy shadow, and thus for the last time I saw Guatemoc, my brother, whom I came far to save and found ready for burial by the Spaniards.

Then I turned my face homeward, for now Anahuac had no king to rescue, but it chanced that before I went I caught a Tlascalan who could speak Spanish, and who had deserted from the army of Cortes because of the hardships that he suffered in their toilsome march. This man was present at the murder of Guatemoc and his companions and heard the emperor's last words. It seems that some [illegible] had betrayed to Cortes that an attempt would be made to rescue the prince, and thereon Cortes commanded that he should be hung. It seems also that Guatemoc met his death as he had met the misfortunes of his life—proudly and without fear. These were his last words: "I did ill, Malincho, when I held my hand from taking my own life before I surrendered myself to you. Then my heart told me that all your promises were false, and it has not lied to me. I welcome my death, for I have lived to know shame and defeat and torture and to see my people the slaves of the Teule, but still I say that God will reward you for this deed."

Then they murdered him in the midst of a great silence.

And so farewell to Guatemoc, the most brave, the last and the noblest Indian that ever breathed, and may the shadow of his sufferings and shameful end lie deep upon the fame of Cortes for so long as the names of both of them are remembered among men!

For two more months I journeyed homeward, and at length I reached the City of Pines well, though wearied, and having lost only 40 men by various misadventures, to find Otomie in good health and overjoyed to know me safe whom she thought never to see again. But when I told her what was the end of her cousin Guatemoc she grieved bitterly, both for his sake and because the last hope of the Aztecs was gone, and she would not be comforted for many days.

[TO BE CONTINUED.]

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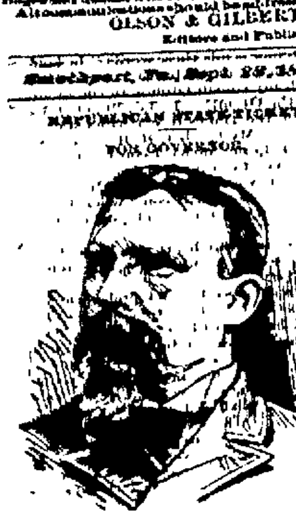

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THE car works at Erie were totally destroyed by fire Monday night. It is thought to have been the work of incendiaries. Total loss will be about $300,000.

AT the organization of the Huntingdon Republican club thirty-five Democrats walked up unsolicited and enrolled themselves on the side of Republicanism and protection

THERE has been nothing but deceit and lying to the people throughout the whole wretched record of Democratic tariff revision. *Brooklyn Eagle* Democrats what do you think of this, and from one of your leading papers, too!

EVERY miner who casts his vote for Gen. Hastings votes in favor of organized labor, and enters a protest against operators who fail to obey any of the laws passed for the benefit and protection of the miners. —*Bituminous Record.*

PROF. WILSON, of West Virginia, is over in England being wined and dined by the English free trader. He undoubtedly finds the company of the English more congenial than would be the company of his own constituents at home.

CANDIDATE SINGERLY was knocked out in his attempt to renominate Congressman McAleer, of the third district in Philadelphia, by "Ringsters, Roosters and Ruffians," as he forcibly called the managers of the Democratic Congressional conference.

Is it not about time that labor commissioner Peck, of New York, made another statement? It would seem that time enough had elapsed since his last, to afford him sufficient material to work upon. And it would give very interesting reading matter to the man who voted for a change two years ago.

U. S. SENATOR D. B. HILL, of New York, was nominated by acclamation for governor, at Saratoga, on Wednesday last amidst great excitement. David was like a young maiden, coy, bashful and backward about accepting, and that only made the delegates the more anxious to have him as their candidate. Daniel Lockwood, of Buffalo, was nominated for lieutenant governor and W. J. Gaynor, of Kings county, for Judge of Court of Appeals.

THE mass meeting at Williamsport, last Tuesday was a great field day for General Hastings and the distinguished party of gentlemen, that accompanied him, Generals Beaver, Latta and Congressman and Jack Robinson. The city was thronged with enthusiastic people all anxious to see and greet the next governor of Pennsylvania. In the evening the Lycoming opera house was packed with people to listen to the able orators of the party. Lycoming county will this fall cast her anchor in protection harbor.

AN Oil City man, who has just returned from a southern trip, happened to be in the Breckinridge district one night recently since the primary election, and, out of curiosity to see the man, accompanied a party that was going to serenade the colonel. Mr. Breckinridge made a speech, closing with these words: "I am now out of politics. As soon as I can arrange my business affairs I propose to go abroad, and shall spend some time in England." As he bowed and stepped back to his seat the band didn't do a thing but strike up "God Save the Queen," and the meeting closed amid much hilarity. —*Oil City Blizzard.*

cratic party; a bill that aims a deadly blow at all important industries of our section—lumber, wood alcohol, acids, naptha, chemical and other things too numerous to mention. Will you tamely submit to this, or will you throw off the party yoke that you have worn so long and join the party of protection? The party that for thirty two years gave us such an era of prosperity as this country never saw before, when you had plenty of employment, wages were good and your family had everything to keep them in comfort. The Republican party never aimed to destroy the industries of the country. The Democrats may possibly be honest in their intentions, but they are showing very poor judgement in their present proceedings as regards our industries, for just as soon as our ports of entry are thrown open to the world, so that the cheap labor of Europe is brought in contact with our workmen, just as soon will our American workmen be brought to the same level with the pauper labor of Europe. A word to those who have been workmen in Europe and emigrated to this country. You know what wages you received, what labor you endured, how you lived, what poverty and distress your families endured. You who have lived here long enough to become voters, why will you cast your ballots to place yourselves in the same position you formerly occupied in Europe? There is no getting away from the fact that the laboring classes in Europe do not enjoy one third of the comforts of life that the laboring man does in this country. Why do the poor of every land come to this country? Simply to better their condition. Then why will you use the prerogative that the constitution gives every man, to vote away the barriers of protection, which makes this great nation the envy and admiration of the world? Millions of men have come to this country in a condition of penury and want who to day are honored citizens of wealth, whereas, if they had remained on the other side they would be grovelling in the lowest depths of want. Canada, England and a good share of the older countries are much pleased with the Gorman bill. That ought to satisfy us that the measure cannot help but be injurious to our industries. Think the matter over. You know what the past eighteen months has been. Will you vote to continue these conditions, or will you vote to change them?

SPEAKING of majorities this fall. It is pretty safe to assume that Hon. C W Stone will receive nearly the entire Democratic vote of McKean The faithful Representative has proven his worth to his constituency, regardless of their political belief It would be a deserving and graceful act on the part of the Democracy of the district to place him on the ticket in recognition of his valued service in everything pertaining to the counties he so ably represents —*Bradford News*

We are glad to see our worthy contemporary speak so honorably of our able candidate. The voice of Hon C W. Stone during the last session of Congress, was ever raised in the defense of that bulwark of American prosperity, protection The Democrats of McKean could do nothing that would reflect more to their credit than the endorsement of C. W Stone.

THE blood that has been on the moon so long in the Ashland Congressional district in Kentucky, was tapped last Friday by Desha Breckenridge, who attempted to drive a dirk into one of his old-time friends, James D Livingston. They met and had a quarrel over the candidacy of Col Breckinridge, the lie was passed and Livingston struck Desha Breckenridge when the doughty son of the Colonel drew a dirk and attempted to stab his old friend to the heart, but Livingston threw up his right hand and caught the knife lacerating the fingers fearfully, when the contestants were seperated This is but the commencement of the trouble, as blood has been spilled and there is no telling where it will end

IN 1875, a treaty was made with the King of the Sandwich Islands by the United States that sugar should be admitted to the United States from the Island of Hawaii free. The present Democratic Congress has placed a duty of 42 per cent on sugar, but favors the Sandwich Islands by leaving the treaty of 1875 remain, thus robbing our own producers of sugar to the tune of $10,000,000 in bounty annually, the same as giving the Sandwich Islanders $6,000,000. The sugar production of the Sandwich Islands is under control of the sugar trusts. Great is Democracy! thus to rob our own producers and give to the subjects of Queen Lil and the sugar trusts.

AGUE AND MALARIA.

As Described by a Medical Writer

The regular, old-fashioned fever and ague or chills and fever is, indeed, bad enough, but far worse to bear is that kindred disease known as chronic malaria. The old-time chills and fever would produce a distinct chill, followed by fever sweating, when the victim would have a respite of one, two or three days in which to recuperate and regain his courage and strength. But not so with chronic malaria. Every day—morning noon and night—chronic malaria will plague and tease its victim with miserable, creeping rigors, nasty, cold sweats, bitter taste, coated tongue, sallow skin, loss of appetite, confused mental faculties, heavy, stupid listlessness, and a host of similar symptoms as infernal as they are persistent—not a day's intermission nor an hour's cessation Work is a wearisome worry, study sickening and senseless, and play a prosy impossibility.

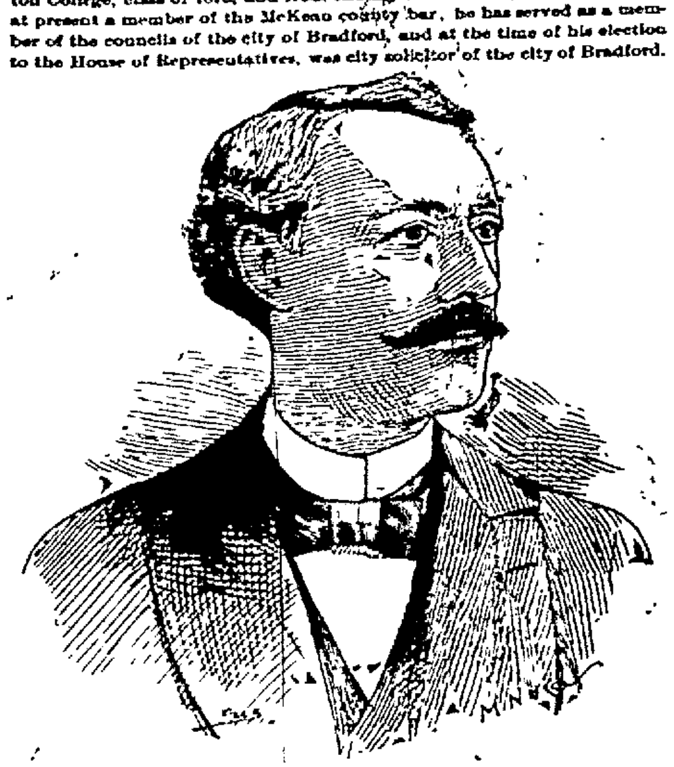
The ordinary treatment for malaria is not of the least possible use in such cases. It only seems to aggravate it. Unless a thorough course of Pe-ru-na is taken the patient will seek in vain for medical relief. The effect of Pe-ru-na is pleasant, positive and permanent.

Specific directions for the use of Pe-ru-na in these cases can be obtained by sending for a free book on malaria, published by The Pe-ru-na Drug Manufacturing Co, of Columbus, O.

North, Griffiths and Sherman.

THE MEN WHO WILL BE ELECTED IN THIS COUNTY ON NOVEMBER 6th—BRIEF SKETCHES OF THEIR LIVES—ALL TRUE BLUE REPUBLICANS.

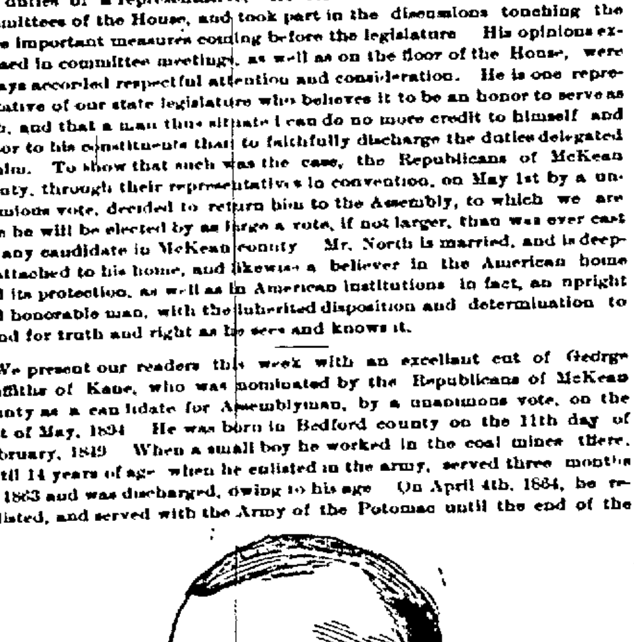
Hon. Herman H. North, our candidate for member of Assembly, was born February 1st, 1852, in Patterson, Juniata Co., Pa., graduated from Princeton College, class of 1873, and from Albany Law School, class of 1875; is at present a member of the McKean county bar, he has served as a member of the councils of the city of Bradford, and at the time of his election to the House of Representatives, was city solicitor of the city of Bradford.



HON HERMAN H NORTH.

He was elected to the Assembly in 1892, where he gave close attention to the duties of a representative. He served on several of the leading committees of the House, and took part in the discussions touching the more important measures coming before the legislature His opinions expressed in committee meetings, as well as on the floor of the House, were always accorded respectful attention and consideration. He is one representative of our state legislature who believes it to be an honor to serve as such, and that a man thus situated can do no more credit to himself and honor to his constituents than to faithfully discharge the duties delegated to him. To show that such was the case, the Republicans of McKean county, through their representatives in convention, on May 1st by a unanimous vote, decided to return him to the Assembly, to which we are sure he will be elected by as large a vote, if not larger, than was ever cast for any candidate in McKean county Mr. North is married, and is deeply attached to his home, and likewise a believer in the American home and its protection, as well as in American institutions in fact, an upright and honorable man, with the inherited disposition and determination to stand for truth and right as he sees and knows it.

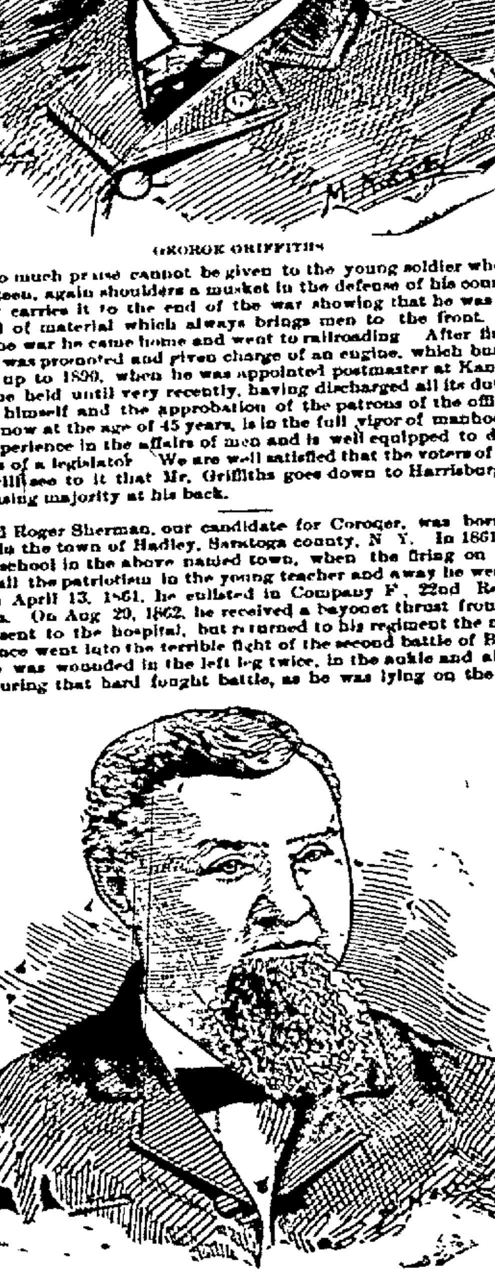
We present our readers this week with an excellent cut of George Griffiths of Kane, who was nominated by the Republicans of McKean county as a candidate for Assemblyman, by a unanimous vote, on the first of May, 1894 He was born in Bedford county on the 11th day of February, 1849 When a small boy he worked in the coal mines there, until 14 years of age when he enlisted in the army, served three months in 1863 and was discharged, owing to his age On April 4th, 1864, he re-enlisted, and served with the Army of the Potomac until the end of the



GEORGE GRIFFITHS

war Too much praise cannot be given to the young soldier who, at the age of fifteen, again shoulders a musket in the defense of his country and faithfully carries it to the end of the war showing that he was made of that kind of material which always brings men to the front. At the close of the war he came home and went to railroading After firing two years, he was promoted and given charge of an engine, which business he followed up to 1890, when he was appointed postmaster at Kane. This position he held until very recently, having discharged all its duties with credit to himself and the approbation of the patrons of the office Mr Griffiths, now at the age of 45 years, is in the full vigor of manhood, with a wide experience in the affairs of men and is well equipped to discharge the duties of a legislator We are well satisfied that the voters of McKean county will see to it that Mr. Griffiths goes down to Harrisburg with a good, rousing majority at his back.

Edward Roger Sherman, our candidate for Coroner, was born March 28, 1840, in the town of Hadley, Saratoga county, N Y. In 1861 he was teaching school in the above named town, when the firing on Sumpter aroused all the patriotism in the young teacher and away he went to the war. On April 13, 1861, he enlisted in Company F, 22nd Reg't New York Vols. On Aug 20, 1862, he received a bayonet thrust from a rebel and was sent to the hospital, but returned to his regiment the next day, and at once went into the terrible fight of the second battle of Bull Run, where he was wounded in the left leg twice, in the ankle and above the knee. During that hard fought battle, as he was lying on the ground,



EDWARD ROGER SHERMAN.

both armies passed over the spot where he lay three different times, when the boys in blue were compelled to give way, he was left for three days on that field alone before aid came when he was removed to Washington under a flag of truce. He remained in the hospital until April 25, 1863. When the two years for which he had enlisted had expired he was honorably discharged. In the spring of 1864 he tried to re-enter the army, but owing to the disabled condition of his left leg, he was refused, but was given a clerkship in the Provost Marshall's office, which he resigned the following winter and engaged in the oil business with his brother, J. W. Sherman. They were at one time the most extensive producers on Oil Creek. Mr. Sherman moved his family to Kendall in 1880, and has been a resident of that place ever since. He has always been a staunch Republican, has been Secretary of the County Committee, is past Commander of G.A.R., Post 141, and takes great interest in that organization. He is worthy of the support of every voter in McKean county.

in Pennsylvania.

The action of the Democrats who controlled the convention in the Third Congress district yesterday, it may as well be confessed now as sixty days hence, will thoroughly demoralize, dishearten and defeat Democratic effort to poll a full vote in this city in November That district was the key to the situation in Philadelphia and Democrats throughout the State are entitled to a candid admission of the failure of the organization here to bring about harmonious action and the necessary consequence of failure.

He virtually throws up the sponge. In all kindness and with the best of intentions for their welfare, we advise the Democrats in this section to support General Hastings and the whole Republican ticket, Resting assured that they will not regret the action in the future

How encouraging it is at the present day to discover how much credence the Democratic press puts in the opinion of the Republican journals at the present time Every Democratic sheet has quotations from the Republican newspapers on the improved condition of trade since the Wilson-Gorman bill became a law by default. In the past when a Republican newspaper would make a statement as to the improved condition of trade under Republican management, the Democratic journals would shout, "a Campaign lie!" Everything said by Republican papers, in those days were nothing but electioneering stories gotten up to deceive the poor but honest voter and were not to be believed. But how different is the situation now Every word in a Republican paper that even hints at a factory or a work shop starting up is grasped at as a straw thrown to a drowning man and it is tossed about from one paper to another, as if it was a sweet morsel of food too delicious to swallow We certainly hope that industries are starting up, as most of them have been idle for a long period. But can we put any credance in these clippings, copied from the Republican press by the opposition journals, when the same papers for a third of a century have pronounced the Republican journals as misleading the people?

DUNN says "Plenty of material for encouragement and also for discouragement, can be found by those who seek that and nothing else But business men who want to see the situation exactly as it is find accounts so far conflicting that it is difficult to strike a balance In those departments of industry and trade in which the deferred business and the demand for replenishment of stocks have not been exhausted, there is obvious improvement, and in some the business is not only larger than last year, but larger than two years ago In others the exhaustion of the temporary demand has brought disappointment because the remaining demand has appeared uncomfortably light In the aggregate, business is about a tenth larger than last year, but still falls about 25 per cent below a full volume for the season Two weeks sale of wool in September 1892 8,275,200 pounds. For same two weeks of September, 1893, 16 428,800 pounds

HON H H NORTH for speaker of the House — MCKEAN COUNTY MINER

And the nomination is a good one Mr North is a man of scholarly attainments, of dignified and courteous mein engaging manners a thorough parliamentarian, an able, upright, and conscientious citizen and a most reliable and thorough going Republican The honor of the Speakership would be borne most worthily by Mr North, and the coming legislature would respond to the wishes of Northwestern Pennsylvania by following the MINER's suggestion —*Oil City Derrick*

BY AN investigation so thorough as to leave no room to doubt its correctness, it is shown that when the country was prosperous under protection in 1892 the consumption of wheat was 5.91 bushels for every one of our population A year later during the Democratic hard times, the consumption of wheat fell off to 4.85 bushels for each person, a decrease of 1.06 bushels per capita, or a total decrease of 71,550,000 bushels This falling off in the demand for wheat shows the farmers why wheat was cheaper, the people not being able even to buy as much bread when the fear of free trade was hanging over them as when they were at work and prosperous under protection

Work is needed now that the enthusiasm may come out when the vote is counted.

HEART DISEASE!

Fluttering, No Appetite, Could Not Sleep, Wind on Stomach.

"For a long time I had a terrible pain at my heart, which fluttered almost incessantly. I had no appetite and could not sleep. I would be compelled to sit up in bed and belch gas from my stomach until I thought that every minute would be my last. There was a feeling of oppression about my heart, and I was afraid to draw a full breath. I could not sweep a room without resting. My husband induced me to try

Dr. Miles' Heart Cure

and am happy to say it has cured me. I now have a splendid appetite and sleep well. Its effect was truly marvelous."

MRS. HARRY E. STARR, Pottsville, Pa.

Dr. Miles Heart Cure is sold on a positive guarantee that the first bottle will benefit. All druggists sell it at $1, 6 bottles for $5, or it will be sent, prepaid, on receipt of price by the Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

Control of local Agents. $75 Ladies or gents. Exclusive territory. The Rapid Dish Washer. Washes all the dishes for a family in one minute. Washes, rinses and dries them without wetting the hands. You push the button, the machine does the rest. Bright, polished dishes, and cheerful wives. No scalded fingers, no soiled hands or clothing. No broken dishes, no muss. Cheap, durable, warranted. Circulars free.
W. P. HARRISON & CO., Clerk No. 12, Columbus, O.

The Philadelphia Weekly Press and McKean County Miner one year, $1.75 in advance.

Buffalo, Wednesday, Sept. 19, '94

A COMPLETE STOCK OF
DRESS GOODS.

Time to say good bye to the Summer giddiness of color and fabric, and welcome the Autumn stuffs, with their more solid qualities of texture and shade.

Our dress goods man is a liberal provider, and his judgement and good taste were never better employed than at this autumnal feast provided for your enjoyment.

The dress goods counters fairly groan with their accumulation of beautiful stuffs: piece after piece has tumbled in a confusion of autumnal loveliness; but they're now in order for you to examine and enjoy. We've been told time and again the past month that our collection leads the procession. It ought to. Such an array of elegant Dress Goods was never before gotten together in this vicinity.

A BIG ASSORTMENT OF
NEW CLOAKS.

Thousands of stylish garments to choose between, including many exclusive novelties. This store leads all Western New York in Capes and Jackets. No question on that score.

And this great collection is cheap to a marked degree, the outcome of extraordinary value for the money. The peculiar trade conditions of the past four months have resulted in our bringing to you more style and workmanship for small cost than was ever before thought possible.

THE NEWEST THINGS IN
MILLINERY!

The Millinery stock surpasses every other within your reach in the variety of acceptable styles. In trimmed hats, for example, there's no stock hereabouts approaching ours, we don't believe there is in any other store in America.

Then again a great many styles of both Hats and Bonnets as well as trimmings appear to be nowhere else. It isn't possible to describe them. They must be seen and we'll show them with pleasure.

LAST CHANCE AT
$50 BICYCLES!

The wheels we're selling now at $50 are vastly better than those we displayed earlier in the season. These are well-known Scorchers with wood rims and all the latest improvements. Only a very few left.

Barnes, Hengerer & Co.

J. COLEGROVE'S
Great Wash Goods Reduction.

I will offer all my Summer Wash Goods at and Below Cost.

SUMMER Goods must go to make room for my Fall and Winter stock. Come and get a Gingham dress at your own price. My

STOCK of Shoes is complete from C to EE widths. All latest styles—Congress, Lace or Button

AT this store you will find the gentlemanly 'Squire Holder to wait on you or attend to legal business connected with his office.

COST you nothing to examine our fine stock of fancy groceries and canned goods whether you purchase or not. Come and get prices

J. Colegrove.

Next to Bank.

RACKET STORE

Our own plant for the manufacture of Men's Pants, Shirts, Blouses, Overalls, Boy's Knee Pants, etc, etc, is located at Corry, Pa It is equipped with the best modern machinery and stocked with goods bought in the open markets for lowest spot cash. It is run by the best quality of brains that money can command. The operators are enlisted from Corry's native talent and already all are expert machine feeders The completed garments are the weapons of victory with which we train day and night, seeking diligently that knowledge which constitutes the power to overthrow, defeat and utterly rout all opposition, this way we quote prices lower than competion pays, "30 days, regular."

RACKET STORE,
OLEAN, N. Y.

Opens, 8 a.m. Closes 9 p.m.

EMIL THAMM,
Manufacturer of
CIGARS
And Dealer in
CHEWING AND SMOKING TOBACCO
-PIPES, ETC.-
SMETHPORT, PA.

at 1 p. m., the following several pieces of property:

1.

All of the defendant's interest in and title in all that certain tract or parcel of land situate in Otto township, county of McKean and State of Pennsylvania, and being part of warrants Nos. 4903 and 5004, bounded and described as follows: Commencing at the south-west corner of the Oak Shade Oil Company's lands at stake and stones; thence north eighty-six and one fourth degrees west [illegible] line twenty-one and eleven-twenty-fifths (21 11-25) rods to stake and stones, thence north [illegible] three and three fourths degrees east along the [illegible] one hundred and eighty-six and fourteen twenty-fifths rods to a stake and stones in the south line of land owned by [illegible] Foreman, thence south eighty-six and one-fourth degrees east along Foreman's southern line three and nine tenths rods to stake and stones, thence along Foreman's southern line north seventy five degrees east eleven and [illegible] rods to stake and stones [illegible] south, thence south three and one-fourth degrees west along the south-west line fifty-eight rods to stake and stones, thence north seventy-five degrees east four and nine-twenty fifths rods to stake and stones in the north-west corner of the Oak Shade Oil Company's west line one hundred and thirty-three and seven-twenty fifths rods to place of beginning. Containing twenty-five acres more or less, [illegible] known as the thirty acre piece. Together with all the said defendant's [illegible] oil wells drilled thereon and all said defendant's interest in the two engines and boilers at two of said wells and the engine at the other of said wells and of the tubing casing rods connections, rigs tanks, tools implements and fixtures in upon at or about the same, and also all the defendant's interest in the [illegible] tank, rods, pipe connections [illegible] and fixtures at and about the [illegible] last well pays one eighth royalty or rent, [illegible] the defendant's interest in and to the royalty or rent due to the land [illegible] or hereafter to be drilled on said premises by lessee. Also all the defendant's interest in and to one well drilled since [illegible] together with the rig [illegible] boiler, engine, rods, pipe connections, tubing, [illegible] fixtures at and about the same. Also all the defendant's interest in and to the royalty or rent due to the land interest in two wells drilled since the above mentioned royalty wells. Improved and having thereon one [illegible] board house with ell attached and usual outbuildings.

Seized, taken in execution and will be sold as the property of A. A. Allen, at the suit of Jacob [illegible] use of John Lammers, now for use of Wm Ferguson

J. W. Bouton, plaintiff's attorney.

2.

All of the defendants' interest in and title to all that certain tract or parcel of land situate in the borough of Eldred. Beginning at a point on the east side of King street at the south-east corner of lot owned and occupied by Mrs. H. Krohn, thence northerly by lands of Mrs. H. Krohn [illegible] rods to lands of R. Dennis, thence easterly by lands of R. Dennis four rods to lands of R. Dennis, thence southerly by lands of R. Dennis [illegible] to centre of said King street, thence westerly by the center of King street four rods to place of beginning. Containing one half acre. Improved and having thereon one one story frame house with ell attached, one board barn and usual outbuildings, one good orchard and a well of water.

Seized, taken in execution and will be sold as the property of Walter J. Scott, Mrs. H. J. Scott, at the suit of H. T. White.

3

Defendant's interest in all that certain piece, parcel or tract of land, situate, lying and being in Hamlin township, McKean county, Pennsylvania. Bounded and described as follows, to wit: Beginning at a post the north east corner of subdivision of lot No. 222, thence in the south line of the said subdivision [illegible] west one hundred and seven rods to a post, thence south two hundred and eighty two and [illegible] three-tenths rods to a stone corner, thence east one hundred and seven rods to a post on the west line of Warrant No. 253 thence by the same north two hundred and eighty two and eight tenths rods to the place of beginning. Containing one hundred and eighty eight and three tenths acres, be the same more or less. It being a part of Warrant No. 3413 and a part of a larger tract of land conveyed by Henry Hamlin and wife and William Haskell and wife to Ira Warfle by deed dated May 12th 1867, and recorded May 19th 1867 in Deed Book Vol. 9, page 407 &c. Excepting and reserving from the operation of this conveyance an undivided one eighth part or royalty of all oil or petroleum and gas lying and being in or under the said tract of land herein conveyed. Being the same land conveyed by Ira Warfle and wife to William Hottenstine in deed dated May 24th, 1881 and recorded May 28th, 1881 in Deed Book No. 42, at page 383 &c. Unimproved.

Seized, taken in execution and will be sold as the property of W. H. Hottenstine at the suit of A. A. Vanaskie.

J. W. Bouton plaintiff's attorney.

6

Defendant's interest in all that certain lot of land situated in the borough of Smethport, county of McKean and State of Pennsylvania bounded and described and known as lot No. 6, in square Number [illegible] in the general plan of said borough as the same is recorded being the south-west corner of lot in said square and four rods wide on Water street and eight rods long on Mechanic street and excepting any part of said lot to which the public may have acquired title by possession in the use of Mechanic street as the same has been occupied claimed by grantee under the last will and testament of David Crow senior, deceased. Being the same premises conveyed to Richard Hussey by deed dated April 1st, 1876 from David Crow and wife recorded October 29th 1884 in Deed Book Z page [illegible] &c. McKean County Records. Improved and having thereon two, two story frame buildings and one good water well.

Seized, taken in execution and will be sold as the property of Catharine Hussey, Administratrix of Richard Hussey, deceased, at the suit of John J. Galligan.

E. L. Keenan, plaintiff's attorney.

7

Defendants interest in all that certain piece or parcel of land situate, lying and being in Bradford township, McKean county, Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows to wit: Commencing at a post in the west line of Mechanic street, and southeast corner of land deeded to J. H. Hodge, thence north 86 degrees west [illegible] Improved and having thereon a [illegible] story frame cottage with ell attached and usual outbuildings.

Seized, taken in execution and will be sold as the property of Clara L. Edgett and Roy W. Edgett and Roy W. Edgett, as administrator of Clara L. Edgett, deceased, and L. C. Blakeslee, terre tenant, at the suit of The Bradford Building & Loan Association.

W. B. Chapman & Son plaintiff's attorneys.

8.

Defendant's interest in all that certain piece, parcel or tract of land situate in Otto township, McKean county, Pennsylvania bounded and described as follows to-wit: Beginning at a post the north west corner of a ten acre lot sold Lewis A. Bunker to M. G. Dennis and running thence north 7¾ degrees east forty rods to a post in the south-west corner of lot leased to G. H. Dennison, thence south eighty-six and one-half (86½) degrees east nineteen and thirteen twenty-fifths (19 13-25) rods to a beech corner; thence south 3¼ degrees west forty rods to a post in the north east corner of the Dennis lot; thence north 86¾ degrees west nineteen and twenty three twenty fifths (19 23-25) rods to place of beginning. Containing five acres more or less.

ALSO—All that certain other piece or parcel of land situate in Otto township aforesaid bounded and described as follows to-wit: Beginning at a beech tree standing in the division line between lands of first party (L. A. Bunker) and the Knapps Creek Oil Company, Limited, said tree being one hundred and twenty rods north of the southern terminus of said division line, thence north 2¾ degrees east forty-eight and twenty-one twenty fifths (48 21-25) rods to a post, thence south 86 degrees west twenty-three and two-twenty fifths (23 2-25) rods to a post, thence south 3¾ degrees west fifty-four and two twenty fifths (54 2-25) rod to a post; and thence north 86¾ degrees west nineteen and eighteen-twenty-fifths (19 18-25) rods to the place of beginning. Containing eight acres more or less. Being part of the Joshua Baker farm located in warrant 5004. Together with 5 oil wells complete on the tier, 5 engines, 6 tanks, all rigs, casing, tubing, sucker rods, gas, steam, water and oil pipes, fittings, connections and appurtenances situate thereon and to the same belonging and having thereon one board dwelling house and two board barns.

ALSO—All that certain leasehold estate situate in Otto township, McKean county, Penn'a, bounded and described as follows: On the north by land of Butlers, Shaver & Co; east by the Baker tract, south by leases of said Butlers Shaver & Co and J. C. Mead, and on the west by land of said Butlers Shaver & Co. Containing six acres more or less and being part of the fifty acre tract of said Butlers, Shaver & Co. Together with one oil well, 1 engine, 1 tank, all rigs, casing, tubing, sucker rods, gas, steam, water and oil pipes, fittings connections and appurtenances situate thereon and to the same belonging.

ALSO—All that certain other leasehold estate situate in said township of Otto McKean county, Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows: Commencing at the north-east corner of the Tracy lease on the eastern boundary line and running north 3½ degrees east to the north-east corner of tract to stake, thence south-westerly along northern boundary to stake which marks the north-east corner of a seven acre reserve, thence south 3 degrees west along reserved by parties of the first part to a stake 14 12-100 rods to the north-west corner of the lot known as the Tracy lease; thence south 86 degrees east 16 rods to the place of beginning. Containing 22-100 acres more or less. And being same land leased to William Beach and William [illegible] by lease dated Sept 22 1879 and recorded in McKean county records in mortgage book G page 20 etc., the said properties having thereon two oil wells, 2 engines 2 tanks, rigs, casing, tubing sucker rods, fittings, connections and appurtenances situate thereon and to the same belonging.

Seized, taken in execution and will be sold as the property of R. J. LePage, administrator of the estate and only heir at law of Rosal LePage, late of Otto township, McKean county, Pennsylvania, deceased at the suit of John Weiss.

Wolf & George, plaintiff's attorneys.

9.

Defendants' interest in all that certain leasehold situate, lying and being in the township of Foster and county of McKean and State of Pennsylvania on land of C. H. Foster and demised and leased unto E. W. Rolf, C. E. Tucker, Wm. Burns and Timothy Burns by the said C. H. Foster by written indenture of lease bearing date the 20th day of October, A. D. 1885, for the term of twenty years from the date hereof for all purposes and recorded in the Recorder's office in and for McKean county herewith said leasehold being bounded and described as follows: All that certain leasehold estate in the township of Foster, county of McKean and State of Pennsylvania bounded and described as follows, to-wit: On the north by lands of McKean county, &c., and that certain other tract of land purchased by C. H. Foster from S. H. Bradley et. ux. by deed dated Nov. 24, 1882, and recorded in said Recorder's office in deed book Vol. 21, page 670, &c. Excepting two and three-fourths (2¾) acres now held C. C. Kerr and others and also land occupied and used by five iron tanks and being same premises leased by C. H. Foster to E. W. Rolfs et. al., by lease dated Oct. 20, 1885, and recorded in the Recorder's office of McKean county, Pa., herewith to which record reference is hereby made as required by statute to make the same a part hereof. Together with the following mentioned buildings, fixtures and machinery thereon and to be lessee belonging to-wit: Thirteen (13) oil wells thirteen (13) engines, two (2) boilers, all carpenter rigs, tanks, tubing, casing, drive pipe, rods, gas, water and steam lines and all fixtures, appurtenances and appliances situate thereon and belonging thereto. Together with all and singular the said leasehold estate term of years yet to come rights of way liberties privileges and appurtenances whatsoever thereunto belonging granted and secured by the aforesaid lease of and in said lot of ground and the buildings, fixtures and machinery above mentioned.

Seized, taken in execution and will be sold as the property of Mary E. Taylor, executrix of R. G. Taylor, deceased, and William I. Thurston, at the suit of E. W. Rolf, for use of Frank A. Newell, C. E. Tucker and Timothy Burns.

Jack & Roberts, plaintiffs' attorneys.

10.

Defendant's interest in all that certain piece parcel or tract of land situate in the township of Norwich, County of McKean and State of Pennsylvania. Bounded and described as follows. Being part of Lot No. 5, in the survey made by J. Colegrove and bounded as follows: Beginning at a post corner, being the north-west corner of the Johnathan Colegrove farm; thence east 154 perches to a post in the line of lot No. 5 being the northeast corner of said Jonathan Colegrove farm; thence north 50 perches to a post corner, being the south-west corner of lot formerly owned by Park Colegrove; thence west 178 perches to a post on the east bank Sixes or Potato Creek being the southwest corner of the Park Colegrove lot; thence up the said creek through all its windings and turnings to the place of beginning. Containing 100 acres of land be the same more or less. Being the same premises one half of which conveyed by John Grantier to D. J. Greely by deed dated January 11th, 1889 and recorded in Deed Book Vol. 51, page 270, McKean County Records. Improved and having thereon one 1½ story frame house with ell, one two story board house with ell, two board barns, one good orchard, one young orchard of about 65 trees, several springs of water and about ¾ under cultivation.

Seized, taken in execution and will be sold as the property of D. J. Greely at the suit of O. S. Greely use of Philip Becker & Co.

T. F. Richmond, plaintiff's attorney.

11.

Defendant's interest in all that certain parcel of land situate in the township of Liberty, county of McKean and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, viz: Beginning 49 3-10 perches south from the north-west corner of lot No 40 of the allotment of Keating lands in said township; thence east 50 perches to a post, thence north 20 perches to the east line [illegible], thence east 51 7-10 perches to the east line of lot No 40; thence along said east line south 41 7-10 perches to a post, thence west 51 7-10 perches; thence north 4 perches to a post; thence west 12 perches; thence south 4 perches; thence west 38 perches to the west line of lot No. 40, thence north along said line 21 7-10 perches to the place of beginning. Containing twenty acres, strict measure be the same more or less, being part of said lot No. 40 and being part of warrant No. 5013 and being same land conveyed to Hester M. Anson by Frank Grimes and wife by deed recorded in deed book No. 18 page 77, &c., records of McKean county. Improved and having thereon one one and one-half story frame house, one small board barn, one young orchard of about 50 trees and usual outbuildings.

Seized, taken in execution and will be sold as the property of Hester M. Anson, at the suit of John R. Vanaskie.

John N. Apple, plaintiff's attorney.

12

Defendants' interest in all that certain piece parcel or tract of land situate in the city of Bradford, County of McKean and State of Pennsylvania known as lot number two (2) of Gorton's survey of J. W. Hilton's addition to the city of Bradford and described as follows to wit. Commencing at a post on the south-west corner and running east along Main street twenty five (25) feet to a post, thence north along the east line of lot number three (3) sixty six and six tenths (66.6) feet to the bank of the Tuna Creek or east branch thereof, thence north along the bank of said creek twenty-five (25) feet to a post; thence south along the east line of lot number one (1) forty-two (42) feet to the place of beginning. Said lot being subject to the oil lease of Emery, Patterson and Company and the reservations of J. L. Cutting herein. Improved and having erected thereon a part of the three story building known as the Rochester Hotel.

Seized, taken in execution and will be sold as the property of J. A. Waldo, at the suit of Starbird & Putnam.

Wolf & George plaintiffs' attorneys.

13.

Defendant's interest in all that certain piece parcel or tract of land situate in the borough of Port Allegany, County of McKean and State of Pennsylvania. Bounded and described as follows to wit: Beginning at a point in the centre of Mill street, seventy and six tenths (70.6) perches easterly from the iron corner standing in the centre of Main street, where Mill street crosses said Main street; thence northerly at a right angle with Mill street ten (10) perches to a post, thence easterly parallel with Mill street sixty (60) feet to a post, thence southerly ten (10) perches to the center of Mill street; thence along the center of Mill street westerly sixty (60) feet to the place of beginning. Containing thirty-six and four tenths (36.4) perches of land be the same more or less, and having thereon one one and a half story board dwelling house with ell attached, one frame barn and a good well of water, and usual outbuildings.

Seized, taken in execution and will be sold as the property of William VanLoon at the suit of E. B. Dither.

C. W. Catlin, plaintiff's attorney.

14.

Defendant's interest in all that piece, parcel or tract of land situate, lying and being in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and in the County of McKean. Bounded and described as follows viz: Beginning at a small beech corner being the southwest corner of a lot conveyed by John Keating and Company to Henry Smith in Warrant No. 2141 and being part of said warrant, thence south one hundred perches to a post corner, thence east ninety six perches to a post corner, thence north thirty three perches to an ironwood corner; thence west fourteen perches to a post corner; thence north sixty seven perches to a small beech corner, being the south-east corner of the Smith lot, thence by line of said lot west eighty two perches to place of beginning. Containing fifty-four and one tenth acres be the same more or less, and being the same lot of land deeded by John Keating and others on the 18th day of August A. D. 1853 to Betsy Cooper, Widow, now Betsey Crow, Widow. Improved and having thereon one, one and a half story frame dwelling house with ell attached. Also one one and a half story board house, one frame barn 30 by 40 with shed attached and usual outbuildings, a good orchard and one good well of water.

ALSO—All that certain piece, parcel or tract of land situate, lying and being in the township of Ceres, county of McKean and state of Pennsylvania. Bounded and described as follows to wit, Beginning at a post in the south line of lot No. 133 of the allotment of Keating lands in Ceres township and being the south east corner of a lot surveyed for Frank Foot; thence north one hundred and forty-one (141) rods to a post in the north line of said lot No. 133; thence east twenty-five and twenty-six hundredths (25 26) rods to the north east corner of said lot; thence south one hundred and forty-one (141) rods to a post the south-east corner of lot No. 133 and north east corner of lot number one hundred and thirty-four; thence west twenty-five and twenty-six hundredths (25 26) rods to the place of beginning. Containing twenty two and forty-two hundredths (22 42) acres of land be the same more or less, reserving therefrom hemlock and other timber heretofore sold to F. G. Fuller and also reserving three fourths interest in all oil and gas in or under said land with the right of getting the same therefrom without paying damages. The land intended to be conveyed is a part of a lot conveyed by John Keating et al to Henry Smith the deed being dated August 25th A. D. 1852 and recorded in Deed Book G, page 456 in McKean County and since willed by [illegible] wife, being [illegible] lot No. 145 of the Keating & Co's lands in the said township, thence down the river in a north-westerly direction [illegible] the several courses thereof to the north west corner of the said D'Knoville's lot; thence [illegible] one hundred ninety five perches, to a [illegible] corner; thence east one hundred [illegible] to a post corner, thence north [illegible] twenty five perches to the place of beginning. Containing one hundred acres, strict measure, be the same more or less [illegible] warrant No. 1238 being the same premises conveyed by Byron D. Hamlin [illegible] said Harry T. Abbey by deed bearing date Nov. 16th, 1882, and recorded in deed Book [illegible] page 156, &c., of McKean county records. Excepting and reserving twenty-one and [illegible] tenths acres conveyed by the said H. T. Abbey and wife to A. H. Arnold, by deed bearing date Sept. 8th, 1884, and recorded in deed book [illegible] page 309, &c., of McKean county records. About twenty-five acres improved, and having thereon one one and one half story frame house, one frame barn and one well of water.

ALSO—All that certain piece, parcel or tract of land situate, lying and being in the township of Liberty, county of McKean and state of Pennsylvania and being the north-east part of warrant 2344 bounded and described as follows, to-wit: Beginning at a post, it being the north-east corner of said warrant No. 2344; thence south by east line of same one hundred forty-eight and two tenths rods to a post corner, thence west fifty four rods to a [illegible] corner in east line of A. L. Eastwood's lot; thence north on same and other lands one hundred forty-eight and two-tenths rods to a post corner in the north line of said warrant; thence east on same fifty-four rods to the place of beginning. Containing fifty acres more or less. Being the same premises, the [illegible] one half of which was conveyed to the said Harry T. Abbey by John J. Ridgway and wife by W. J. Colegrove their attorney [illegible] deed bearing date May 21st, 1881, and recorded in deed Book Vol. [illegible], at page 437, of McKean county records. Unimproved.

ALSO—All that certain piece, parcel or tract of land situate, lying and being in the township of Liberty, county of McKean and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to-wit: Beginning at a post, [illegible] the south-west corner of lot deeded [illegible]; thence north 28½ degrees [illegible] seven and six-tenths rods to a [illegible]; thence south 46 degrees east nineteen rods to a post corner; thence south 38 degrees [illegible] rods to a post corner; thence south [illegible] west six and four-tenths rods to a post corner; thence south 85½ degrees west seventy five and four-tenths rods to a post corner; [illegible] south 16 degrees west twenty-three rods to a post corner; thence north 30½ degrees west fifty-three rods to the place of beginning. Containing twenty-[illegible] and three-tenths acres of land, be the same more or less. Improved and having thereon one two story frame house with L attached, one frame barn, one good orchard

The two last described pieces of land are subject to a right of way for pipelines, &c. and to certain water rights and privileges granted by the said Harry T. Abbey to Sherman's [illegible] and Francis H. Root.

Seized, taken in execution and will be sold as the property of H. T. Abbey, at the suit of A. D. Burbank, now by substitution D. C. Young, executor of A. D. Burbank, deceased.

Sheridan Gorton, plaintiff's attorney.

15.

Defendants' interest in all that the undivided two thirds (⅔) part or portion of all those certain pieces or parcels of land situate in Corydon township, McKean county, Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, viz: [illegible] warrant No. 3707 in said township, county and state, containing nine hundred and ninety [illegible] acres be the same more or less. Also the undivided two-thirds (⅔) of warrant No. [illegible], in the aforesaid township, county and state, containing nine hundred and eighty [illegible] acres, be the same more or less. Also this [illegible] be a lien upon all the timber [illegible] and bark situate, lying and [illegible] warrant No. 3707. Together with all [illegible] lar the buildings, woods, ways, rights, [illegible] ties, privileges, hereditaments and [illegible] ances.

Seized, taken in execution and will be sold as the property of Mary E. Shearman, S. P. Shearman and Charles F. Morrison, at the suit of W. W. Bell.

Jack & Roberts, plaintiff's attorney

A. R. WALKER, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Smethport, Pa., Sept. 12 1894.

Notice.

THE FOLLOWING ACCOUNTS OF ADMINISTRATORS and Executors, having been settled in the office of the Register, the same will be presented at the Orphans' Court to be held at Smethport, in and for the County of McKean and State of Pennsylvania, on the first Monday of October, A. D. 1894.

First and final account of John T. Kent and Frederick Cleaveland, Executors of the last will and testament of Samuel Oliver, deceased.

First and final account of Eliza [illegible] Hart, Executrix of the last will and testament of William Hart, deceased.

First and final account of J. G. [illegible] Administrator of the estate of Otto Archer, deceased.

First and final account of N. C. Ga[illegible] Administrator of the estate of Martin [illegible], deceased.

First and final account of T. J. Powers, Administrator of the estate of L. F. Freeman, deceased.

First and final account of E. [illegible], Administrator of the estate of John [illegible], deceased.

GEO. W. MITCHELL, Register,
H. M. CROATE, Deputy,
Smethport Pa., Sept. 2 1894.

Notice in Divorce.

A. D. No. 180, December Term 1894.

McKEAN COUNTY, ss.—THE COMMONWEALTH of Pennsylvania, to the [illegible] of said county, greeting:

Whereas, Annie Berg by her next friend A. W. Peterson, did, on the [illegible] day of [illegible] 1893, prefer her petition to our said Judges of the said Court of Common Pleas of said county, praying for the causes therein set forth that she might be divorced from the bonds of matrimony entered into with you, Charles Berg.

We therefore command you the said Charles Berg, that setting aside all other business and excuses whatsoever, you be and appear in your proper person before our Judges at Smethport, at a Court of Common Pleas there to be held for the County of McKean on the [illegible] day of October next to answer the petition or libel of said Annie Berg and to show cause, if any you have, why the said Annie Berg, your wife, should not be divorced from the bonds of matrimony, agreeably to the Acts of Assembly in such case made and provided. Herein fail not.

A true copy. A. R. WALKER, Sheriff.
N. M. Orr, Libellant's Attorney.
Smethport, Pa., Sept. 8, 1894.

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W F. SPECHT,
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Smethport Pa *Sept. 28, 1894*

LO... AND GENERAL

... xt week

... day morning.

... Fair next Monday

... ir taxes before Oct 6

... is confined to the house

... Wright is putting new shingles

... the MINER office next week ... me to court.

... r to vote you must pay your ... r before Oct 6.

... has re-shingled his res ... Mechanic street

... n get middlings at the Smeth ... E. Barrett, proprietor.

... g to the wax on the opera house ... received more whacks on our

... E. Barrett has just received a car ... f middlings at his mill on Mechanic

... mmencing Monday last, Gifford's ... mill will run night and day until

... rty one years ago last Sunday ... st battle of Chattanooga was

... has a new camera, an ... is "shooting" his friends ...

... on Saturday (St. Michael ... Angel's Day) at 7 30 a. m. and

... t fail to read Major McKinley's ... on the fourth page of our ... his week

... are now made from Alu ... They are much lighter and will ... r wear

... a lady's handkerchief. The ... can have the same by calling at ... MINER office

... , our popular and ... the front foundation of his store ... last week

... services at St. Luke's church on ... xt will be at 7 30 and 10.30 a ... 30 p. m.

... D. Nash has her millinery ... k opening on Tuesday and Wed ... of next week

... a chance on the parlor suite at ... fair, which is now on exhi ... store.

... *and Temple* is a new relig ... lately started at Duke Ce ... O. O. Ward as editor

... Verna Hafner of Mill street ... been up to ill for the past week ... pleased to say is convalescent

... stores of H. W. Rubin & Co will ... n the first and second of October ... account of the Jewish holiday

... Oaks were photographed on Sun ... by Photographer Latham. Don ... procure one when they are finished

... forget to call at the MINER of ... xt week, when you come to court ... or renew for another year

... Carpenter had the misfortune ... the nail and the tip end of his left ... a plank falling on it at Gifford's

... very fine plank walk has been laid ... street between Byron and ... It is the neatest walk ...

... Knapp is making some im ... his King street residence ... a new coat of paint on the

... for the Catholic Church which will ... at the Kittridge opera house ... day October 1st.

... last service of the Mission will ... celebration of the Holy Com ... 7 a. m. on Friday with a fare ... from the missioner

... William Paradise and Al Pierce, Jr ... engaged in overhauling the sanitary ... at the Port Allegany ... Port Allegany, this week

... house of Mr. Canfield, about a ... of a mile this side of Eldred, was ... by fire on Tuesday afternoon ... the household goods were saved

... Commodore Pierce is assisting Wm ... the plumber. It will probably ... Commodore's many friends forty ... hour for the pleasure of his com ... hereafter

... Kane *Republican*, of last Friday ... to task for giving quotations ... its pages, and seems to think that ... made a mistake, has since discovered ... mistake and apologized

... The height of Mt. St. Elias in Brit ... North America is 18023 feet, Mt. Lo ... in the near vicinity of Mt. St. Elias ... feet and two other mountains ... far away are nearly as high.

—After a quarrel with her lover a young lady, of Bradford, by the name ... gardens, attempted to commit suicide ... Wednesday last. A stomach pump ... instrument in such cases.

... The Young Men's Social Club intend ... a masquerade ball at their next ... It ought to be a great success as ... of the kind has been held in ... for a number of years

... Young Men's Social Club gave ... enjoyable dance at the opera ... on Friday evening last. The ... refreshments were excellent ... everyone who attended had a good

... Monday night Mr. Falconer ... a small quantity of oil which ... in their well in Bloomster hol ... This oil was found in the Kane ... They are going down to the Has ... and may get a good showing of

... Somerset county administrator ... the following endorsement on the ... doctor's bill: "This claim is ... by affidavit as the statutes ... but the death of the deceased is ... evidence to my mind that the ... the work."

... Catholic fair will begin on Oct. ... continue one week as usual. ... are events looked foward to ... loving people and those ... to have a good time should not ... attend. Roscoe's full orchestra will furnish music for the event and the ladies will serve supper each evening.

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of more than 300 feet. Explorers pronounce it the grandest water-fall in the world.

—The story of the past summer is one of improved fields, deteriorated crops, dried-up springs and brooks and wells pastures that could not fill the cows' bags with milk, mowing that scarcely furnished the barns with provender for the winter

—Some talk is heard among our young men of starting a gymnasium this fall. This is a step in the right direction as there are many long, winter evenings coming that could not be spent to better advantage than in developing the mind and body.

—There is no end to the improvements that ye host, of the Sartwell House, Port Allegany is making. The latest is four elegant street lamps from the depot up to his popular hostelry. Chet is always ready with a warm grasp of the hand to greet his many friends.

—A Georgia editor, in a fit of desperation, dashed off the following "The wind bloweth the water floweth, the farmer soweth, the subscriber oweth and the Lord knoweth we are in need of our dues. So come a runnin' are we go a gunnin', tnis thing of dunnin' gives us the blues."

—William Burlingame, who works on Messrs. Gifford's planer, the upper mill while oiling the machinery on Monday night, slipped and fell from the frame work and, unfortunately the sharp tube of the oil-can penetrated his right cheek making a painful,-though not serious, wound

—On Monday October 8th the school ma'ams, of McKean county will make a raid on our pleasant little town, and for the space of five days we will be at the mercy of the wielders of the birch. But by good behavior and gentlemanly conduct we hope most of our citizens will escape the rod.

—Dr Chadwick and E. M. Kerns are working hard to become members of the woodchuck club at Bradford. On Monday they went out and shot two of the clover eating animals, very fat and large and on Tuesday they went out again in the hopes of getting enough for a load to send to Bradford

—If your local paper has trod on your toes a little don't get your back up and abuse the editor but stop and take a long breath and think for a season, and see if you cant remember some of the favors and kindness it has shown you in the past. Then reflect how long before you may want a favor again —*Carthage Mo Press*

—Johnson Brothers are having a new house erected at Ormsby. The work is being done by Mr C. H. Donahue and from our knowledge of his ability the work will be done in a first-class manner. We understand the work on the Ormsby house was also done by Mr. Donahue. Johnson Brothers will put about $1,400 in their new house.

—Rev Bronson of Farmers Valley has been fortunate enough to be appointed Presiding Elder of the Cory district of the M. E. church. His head quarters will be hereafter at Sugar Grove Warren county Pa. The MINER congratulates the gentleman and his excellent family and hopes their lines may be cast in pleasant places

—Henry Gillette of Olean took a new partner in his extensive job printing establishment last week Wednesday. The new member of the firm is Miss Elizabeth Weston of Tonawanda. The Rev C. V. Wilson drew up the bonds of partnership. They took a trip east for a few days. The MINER extends congratulations to the happy couple

—J. W. Lesure has invented a revolving type case, which fills a long felt want in job offices. It is a complete cabinet 44 inches square, with a capacity of 74 type cases. It revolves on ball bearings and the opening of the cases is controlled so that only one is opened at a time and the case cannot be pulled out of its grooves. The cabinet is on exhibition at Bear & Lesure's job rooms —*Era*

—Adolph Schetke, a German was arrested at Ludlow last Thursday for stealing $75 from Wilhelm Wagner and $6 from Fred Megler, both of whom befriended Schetke while he was sick. He was followed and captured after quite a struggle. Officer Looker was sent for who took the prisoner to Kane where in default of $1,000 bail he was brought here and now boards with Sheriff Walker

—An exchange says that when you talk about there being a better state than Pennsylvania, every potato slyly winks its eye every cabbage shakes its head every beet gets red in the face every onion feels stronger, every wheat field is shocked, barley strokes its beard corn sticks up its ears and every foot of land kicks. The horses even denounce the statement with a neigh" and the sheep say bah

—County Commissioners Jewett and Hungiville had business in Eldred on Tuesday. On their return they attended the fire that destroyed the house of Mr Canfield and was mainly instrumental in saving most of the household goods. On their way home they discovered a fine patch of turnips and brought a mess home for their old friend Breneman. The chances are that our commissioners will be having a case turnup in court.

—Trim your fruit orchards in the fall, and not in the spring. If you trim your trees in the spring, your trees will have what is called suckers, that is sprouts growing up from all the large branches, caused by the trimmer standing on the large limbs, and when the sap is in the wood wherever the bark is bruised sprouts will start up and take so much strength from your fruit trees, besides being unsightly and causing a great deal of inconvenience in picking the fruit.

—In conversation with a horseman from another county the other day he said that Smethport is one of the best places he knows of for holding agricultural fairs and races. It is located right and would undoubtedly have successful meetings. It does seem that a great county like McKean should have an annual fair, and we hope our citizens here will take the matter in hand and form an association that will give our people a fair every year. It can be done and the sooner we get to work the better. What do you think of it?

—My son do not part your hair in the middle, set your cap on the back of your head, and let your handkerchief protrude carelessly from your outside coat pocket. Don't do it. Have some respect for the feelings of others. Of course you look absolutely and irrisistably stunning, and all the girls are driven almost to distraction by your august ensemble, but your make up and deportment, when interpreted by many people is like a placard on your back which reads: "I have no brains, to be sure, but then I am awfully fine looking."—*Punxsutawney Spirit.*

little boy, after quite a long silence, suddenly broke out and said, "Do you know, I think my pa is going to be a Republican." "What's that?" said the man of the house. "Why, my pa is going to be a Republican." "What makes you think so?" said the man. The boy answered, "because he has been so awful good to us lately."

—Landlord Dan Bacon and another man (name not known) were on Prospect Hill on Tuesday of this week, when they discovered a good sized rattlesnake. The other man killed the snake, which had several rattles. We could not get much of the particulars of the case, as Dan said he had no desire to form a close acquaintanceship with a snake of that build. Mr Bacon informs us it is the first one found in that vicinity. The snake had undoubtedly gone up there to get his bearings in order to emigrate.

—Last Sunday afternoon it was our privilege to attend the special service for men at the Episcopal church. The meeting was well attended and the attention given to Father Wattson, as he told his hearers of the true life to be attained by any man who would accept the teachings of the Bible, proved that his arguments in that behalf were reasonable and appealed to their best judgement. The MINER is always in sympathy with movements for the cause of right, and hopes the efforts of the Mission in Smethport may have the effect of making men better and more in accord with the life of the Christ of God.

—Ike Reynolds is the man who dispenses justice at East Smethport. His judicial decisions are seldom appealed from. He is something of a wag, and when he announced a few days since that he had become a Democrat, his friends knew that a good sized joke lay back of that announcement. Finally one of his friends queried him about his change of heart politically and this was his answer "I have canvassed the first precinct of Keating township thoroughly, and am unable to find a Democrat in it. I have turned my political coat in order that we can organize the election board over there, which requires one of the inspectors to be a Democrat."—*Kane Republican*

Attempted Outrage at Crosby

Last Saturday just before dark George Howard a teamster in the employ of Mr McGee made an attempt to commit a rape on little nine-year-old Alice, daughter of G. W. Hall at Crosby. The little girl got on the bark rigging to ride with Howard. When they came to a little patch of woods, Howard coaxed her to go into the woods where the attempted assault was made. About supper time Mr Hall came running in great excitement to the house of Justice Ehart, where a warrant was sworn out for the arrest of Howard. There being no constable near Chas Adams was deputized to serve the warrant who in company with another man went to the house of Mr. McGee where they found them at supper. When they informed Howard of their object he showed fight and was getting the best of Adams when the other man came to the rescue and Howard was overpowered. Mr McGee then asked the cause of the disturbance in the house and when he was informed he said he would go along to the justice's office. When the party got out doors, the prisoner said he would walk with Mr. McGee and the constable instead of riding. On the way the prisoner made his escape and has not been seen since. An examination of the little girl was made and the report is that she escaped any injury. We sincerely hope the brute will be caught and stern justice meeted out to him and trust that the father of the little girl will not give up the pursuit until the villian is apprehended

A Case of Robbery

On Thursday night of last week J. Im Harrington while at the Chautauqua house lost somewhere between sixty and eighty dollars in greenbacks. Afterward the story leaked out that Byron Acre had more money about him than he was in the habit of carrying around. On Monday Harrington swore out a warrant for the arrest of Acre who was brought before Justice Holder where evidence was produced that Acre had got a $20 bill changed at the Wright House the same night. Witnesses testified to Acre taking a trip to Olean and making extensive purchases at least he was seen bringing a large bundle home. The accused testified to having money but claimed he had found it on the floor of the Chautauqua house bar room. In default of four hundred dollars bail he was taken to jail. After the trial our scribe found a man who counted the money in Mr Acre's hand and he had $88 in bills besides some silver in his pocket. The case looks bad for Acre

Teachers Institute.

The Teachers Institute for McKean county will open in Smethport on Monday Oct 8th, at 2 p. m. Let every teacher be present as his duty requires. Hotel and railroad rates as usual

Thursday (11th) will be Directors Day. Let every director who can possibly come be present. At least let every board be represented. We expect State Supt Schaeffer to be present. Secretaries will please notify all their teachers and the members of their school boards.

Very truly

W. P. ECKELS,
Co Supt.

Music in the Air

There will be music in the air on Monday evening October 8th, when the Knoll and McNeil musical novelty Company appear at the Kittridge opera house. Mr Knoll and Miss McNeil have a world wide reputation as cornet soloists and duetists and their manipulations of that favorite instrument are worth going many miles to hear. That clever magician juggler, and ventriloquist, Mr Geo. B. Claxton is also with the company. Miss Maidye Colson, the favorite soprano, soloist and pianist will assist in making up a very fine program

How's This!

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F J CHENEY & CO Props., Toledo O

We the undersigned have known F J Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by their firm. WEST & TRUAX, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O. WALDING KINNAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Price 75c. per bottle. Sold by all druggists. Testimonials free.

The undersigned wish to call the attention of the ladies of Smethport and vicinity, that said party having secured rooms in the Reilly block, will be in readiness to do all kinds of dress making in first class order. Call and investigate. All orders promptly attended to. Patronage solicited.

MRS. A. M. FRENCH.

T. D. Nash visited Port Allegany on Monday last.

A. Mellander, of Mt. Jewett, was in town on Monday.

J. M. McElroy returned from Pittsburg last Monday.

Bert Shook and Will Herzog went to Olean on Thursday.

Howard Wilson and family returned home Saturday night.

J. M. McClure, Esq., was over from Bradford on Tuesday

Constable Looker, of Kane, was a caller at our office on Saturday

G. W. Doloff of Bradford, was at the Wright House on Tuesday.

Paul Hamlin and Mrs. Eugenia Merrell left for Buffalo Monday

Wm. E. Butts, of Clermont, was a guest at the Central Tuesday

C. H. Moore, of Clearfield, was a guest at the Central on Wednesday.

Editor Lindsley paid his old home in Tioga county a visit last week

Mrs Michael Dunn returned to her home in Sweden Valley Monday

H. A. Button, the Coudersport builder, was in town the first of the week.

Mr and Mrs. A. P. Pope arrived in town Monday to visit friends here.

Sheriff Walker started for Pittsburg on Tuesday night to attend a law suit.

Charles Sanford returned from Pittsburg and Butler last Tuesday night.

Rev. Altis, of Union City is at Colegrove visiting his father and mother

Miss Carrie Langer, of Rochester, is visiting her aunt, Mrs. Carrie Reilly

J. I. Bond and wife, of Brockwayville, were at the Wright House on Sunday

A. C. Douglas and wife, of Eldred, were at the Wright House on Wednesday

F. L. Stradman, of Olean was among the guests at the Wright House on Monday

Chester Moody, of Coryville was a pleasant caller at this office on Thursday

Miss Edna Keenan of Bradford, passed Sunday last with her parents at this place

Dr. S. S. Smith of Emporium was among the Wright House guests on Wednesday

C. A. Backer had business in Pittsburg and Buffalo last week returning home Monday

W. P. Eckels and wife J. M. McElroy and John Breneman were in Bradford Tuesday

Harry Wells and wife drove over to Bradford Monday to get a glimpse of "The Dazzler."

Attorney S. W. Smith and Fred Rowley, of Port Allegany, autographed at the Central Tuesday

Miss Alberta Choate started for New York City last Saturday for an extended visit among friends.

Hon H. H. North and wife of Bradford were greeting their many friends in town on Wednesday

R. B. Stone G. I. Roberts and W. C. Henry all of Bradford were guests at the Grand Central yesterday

Mrs W. K. Wright and son with Mrs Richardson of Renova, are guests of B. F. Wright and wife this week

Misses Gertrude Walker and Carrie Holmes of Bradford were guests of Miss Walker's parents over Sunday

Mrs. W. D. Galluy of Smethport is visiting with Mrs. W. P. Burdick and other Mt. Jewett friends —*Herald*

Mrs. Orsavilla Ostrander and son Will drove over to Port Allegany on Sunday last and visited relatives at that place

A. Kinner one of the substantial farmers, of Austin Creek, called on Tuesday and renewed his friendship for the MINER

Mrs. C. C. Williams returned home the latter part of last week after an absence of three months on a visit with friends in the West

Rev. Fathers Flood of Sartwell, Machurs of Coudersport and Galligan, of this place went to Costello Monday for a forty hours service

Hon. F. O. Austin the pioneer of the hustling town of Austin, and his estimable better half came over to Farmer's Valley on Monday to visit friends

D. W. Overton and Chas. Shambacher, of Johnsonburg were registered at the Grand Central on Tuesday. They were making a trip on their bicycles.

Frank Fritz of Farmers Valley who has been superintending the construction of the new road from Ormsby to Simpson, is a new subscriber to the MINER.

The young friends of Miss Jennie Wright tendered her a surprise party at her home on last Friday evening. The young lady was the recipient of several fine presents

I. W. Dunn was called to his old home at McAlisterville Juniata county, on Tuesday to attend the funeral of his mother who died there on Monday last at the age of 82 years

John M. Schaffert returned home on Tuesday from Lockport, N. Y., bringing with him his bride. We extend hearty congratulations to Mr and Mrs. Schaffert and hope their life's path may be strewn with roses.

C. H. Donahue, formerly a red hot Democrat, called on us the other day, and in the course of his conversation, he told us he had followed the way of many other of his old party, and would never vote the Democrat ticket again. Where are we at?

A very pleasant birthday surprise party by about twenty lady friends of Misses Lucy and Elkia Wright was given at their home on Saturday night last, on their seventeenth natal day. Those who were present speak of having had a most enjoyable time and all united in wishing the young lady twins many a return of such happy occasions.

Deputy Sheriff Davis, while in the discharge of his duties at Mt. Jewett on Tuesday was taken very sick, but his robust constitution carried him through and he was able to come home Wednesday morning. He has not fully recovered his attempt to play "He got it where the ——— got the axe," on the piano in Bradford a couple of weeks since.

Another Morning Wedding

At the residence of the bride's father Mr. Andrew Armbruster, Eldred, Pa. Sept. 23, 1894, Mr. John W. Washburn and Miss Mary A. Armbruster. The wedding was a very quiet one, only a few of the bride's relatives being present. They left on the 10 a. m. train for a week in New York State, with the best wishes of their many friends.

For Sale.

Thinking of moving West, I will offer for sale my house and lots. For full particulars inquire at my residence, opposite the Opera House.

36-tf MRS. A. D. BURBANK.

PORT ALLEGANY.

The boro council are devoting considerable attention to street repairs, being determined to have all cross walks and side walks in good order before winter sets in. They also have men engaged in erecting gas lamps for lighting the streets, there are forty of them to be placed at street corners and other points about town. Some of the young men about town are making a vigorous "kick" but the lamps are an assured fact and are bound to go in

The green corn dance given in the opera house last Friday night by the I. O. T. M., was very largely attended and proved a success, both financially and socially. The music was of the best and the supper all that could be desired. The house was tastefully decorated with cornstalks and the I. O. T. M. are to be congratulated on the success attending this, their first annual dance

Hon. Caleb B. Cushing of Maine, delivered a lecture in the opera house last Saturday evening, which drew a large crowd. The lecture was under the auspices of the Prohibition Club, and was chiefly an arraignment of the old parties and indefinite plans for the formation of the new. He did not attempt to explain the cause of the recent "earthquake" in his native state

The picnic under the auspices of the W. C. T. U. was held on the public square on Saturday last and was largely attended. The speaking and music was very fine and the weather all that could be desired. The lecture at 2 p. m. by Mrs. Helen M. Barker of Chicago was particularly interesting and was listened to with wrapt attention by a large and appreciative audience

A. J. Peihl the photographer, is turning out some very fine work at his gallery on Main street making the enlarging of photos a specialty. The crayon work is done in his home studio, at Holland, N. Y., and cannot be excelled. The work is remarkably natural and life like and is performed by a younger brother

The Port Allegany cornet band is progressing finely under the tutorship of Will Downs rendering a fine class of music. The old instruments are being replaced by new ones of latest design. The boys are all in dead earnest and are determined to become the pride of the town

Mr and Mrs. O. M. Johnson, of Roulette, spent the Sabbath with relatives in this place. Mr. Johnson is the popular station agent of the W. N. Y. & P. R. R. and numbers his friends by the score. Every one admires the genial Oscar

It is Calluy is farming pretty extensively on his farm near the Two Mile, this season. He has quite a quantity of choice fruit, the principal yeild being about twenty bushels of fine Bartlett pears

Our graded school is progressing finely under the able management of Prof. Chas. Kiley and his fine corps of assistants

Quite a delegation of Port Alleganians attended the barbecue at Olean last Thursday. All report a pleasant time

Chas. McKay of Minn. was in town the the past week visiting his sister, Mrs. S. W. Hosker of Mill street

Mrs. L. L. Tallmadge returned last Friday from a two weeks visit with relatives at Sun ... Ontario

N. N. Metcalf of Austin was greeting old friends and neighbors about town last Saturday

C. F. Hubbard and family returned last week from visit with friends in Elmira N. Y.

Mr. Watson Coleman of Kansas is visiting his parents Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Coleman

The genial O. J. Rees, of Coudersport had business in town Saturday last.

Harry Bartle returned last Tuesday from a weeks visit in Buffalo

MT. ALTON

Mark Hardie who has been steadily improving in health for a number of weeks, was suddenly taken worse last Friday, and between the hours of eight a. m. and midnight had twenty-five convulsions, which left him in a greatly prostrated condition. He is convalescing now, however and Mr. Rhodes, who has been treating him for some months, believes his patient will yet get through all right

Our school directors and supervisors are getting into trouble. Some tax payers refuse to pay their taxes, claiming they are higher than they should be and a law suit is the result which will take place next week we understand.

John Hewitt of Farmers Valley, and daughter, Miss Lizzie returned to their home on Monday after a visit at Mark Hardie's

Mrs. Jacob Vedder of Salamanca, N. Y. accompanied by her grand son, Charley Munck, visited relatives here last week

Mrs. Ed. Cooney and children, who have been visiting relatives in New York for six weeks returned last Thursday

Mrs. A. Miller started last Thursday for a visit with relatives at Wellsville N. Y.

Dr. Ward of Randolph N. Y., made M. ... a short visit last week

John Hafner and Geo. Grell were at Smethport last Saturday

The Campaign Punster

The campaign punster is with us again. A red apple and a year's subscription to "Punch" will be given for the detection of the author of the following which came through the mail this morning

Jones "That Saratoga ticket is a heavy one"

Smith "Yes?"

Jones, "Yes, a two ton ticket—a Morton and a Sax-ton ticket you know."

Smith (who is a Democrat), "You're right, but I Haight to acknowledge it."—Albany, N. Y., *Journal.*

List of Letters

remaining in the postoffice at Smethport, Pa., for the week ending Sept. 22, 1894

Conoly, Miss Mamy	
Cogly, Rev John	Cross Miss Minnie
Johnson S. W.	Roberts, Mrs Kate

Persons calling for these letters please say "advertised."

W. P. WALSH Postmaster.

Specimen Cases.

S. H. Clifford, New Castle, Wis., was troubled with Neuralgia and Rheumatism, his Stomach was disordered, his Liver was affected to an alarming degree, appetite fell away, and he was terribly reduced in flesh and strength. Three bottles of Electric Bitters cured him

Edward Shepherd, Harrisburg, Ill., had a running sore on his leg of eight years' standing. Used three bottles of Electric Bitters and seven boxes of Bucklen's Arnica Salve, and his leg is sound and well. John Speaker, Catawba, O., had five large fever sores on his leg, doctors said he was incurable. One bottle of Electric Bitters and one box of Arnica Salve cured him entirely. Sold at Frank R. Foster's and A. B. Armstrong's Drug Store.

Relief in Six Hours.

Distressing Kidney and Bladder diseases relieved in six hours by the "New Great South American Kidney Cure." This new remedy is a great surprise and delight to physicians on account of its exceeding promptness in relieving pain in the bladder, kidneys, back and every part of the urinary passages in male or female. It relieves retention of water and pain in passing it almost immediately. If you want quick relief and cure this is your remedy. Sold by A. B. Armstrong, Druggist, Smethport, Pa.

Assignees Sale.

The goods in the store of Frank R. Foster will be sold at assignees sale at greatly reduced prices, consisting of drugs, patent medicines, fancy articles, books, stationery, etc. Come at once and receive the benefit of first choice of goods.

J. W. BOUTON, Assignee.

The fact that Hood's Sarsaparilla, once fairly tried, becomes the family medicine, speaks volumes for its excellence and medicinal merit. Hood's Sarsaparilla is Nature's co-worker.

Not one minute elapses between the taking of One Minute Cough Cure and relief. Why shouldn't people take One Minute Cough Cure? They should. They do. Sold by A. B. Armstrong.

It not only relieves: it does more, it cures. We refer to One Minute Cough Cure. Suitable for all ages all conditions, at all times. Sold by A. B. Armstrong.

Livery stable keepers should always keep Arnica & Oil Liniment in the stable —nothing like it for horses.

the magazine ... material on a subject with which he was already familiar. He has in his articles preserved the open mind and the even judgment of a man who is thoroughly well-posted on the railroad problem in all countries. In this first article, which deals with "Railroad travel in England and America," he compares the systems of the two countries, particularly as to safety, speed, cost, comfort and construction. He starts with the assertion that the English railroad is "the most highly organized instrument of transportation in the world." The clear and entertaining manner in which Colonel Prout develops the subject and the startling facts with which his article abounds will for the first time, make plain to the unprofessional reader many things of which even the American railroad man is wofully ignorant. The article is richly illustrated by A. B. Frost and from photographs collected by the author.

Edwin Lord Weeks, whose studies of Persia were published in "Harper's Magazine" last year, has prepared for the same periodical several papers on modern India. The first appears in the October number under the title "Lahore and the Punjaub," and while giving a vivid account of its picturesque and historic side, shows how greatly English influence has modified Indian life. Fifteen illustrations from paintings by Mr Weeks accompany the text. Richard Harding Davis describes "The Streets of Paris" in a short paper, for which Charles Dana Gibson has made a series of brilliant illustrations.

A Household Treasure.

D. W. Fuller, of Canajoharie, N. Y. says that he always keeps Dr. King's New Discovery in the house and his family has always found the very results follow its use; that he would not be without it, if procurable. G. A. Dykeman, druggist, Catskill, N. Y., says that Dr King's New Discovery is undoubtedly the best cough remedy, that he has used it in his family for eight years, and it has never failed to do all that is claimed for it. Why not try a remedy so long tried and tested. Trial bottles free at F. R. Foster's and A. B. Armstrong & Co.'s drug stores. Regular size 50c. and $1.00

Questions for Teachers.

Do you want to improve your methods of teaching? Do you desire to increase your power for good? Do you need new incentives, fuller inspiration and greater teaching force? If so, attend the Edinboro Normal School. Fall term begins Sept 3 37 3w

Hood's Pills become the favorite cathartic with everyone who tries them. 25 cents.

It's all the same, a slight cold, congested lungs or severe cough. One minute cough cure banishes them. Sold by A. B. Armstrong.

I hereby offer my farm of 100 acres in Corydon township for sale, or exchange for city property in Bradford.

H. F. BUNDY.

Gent's furnishing goods at F. G. Lindholm & Co.'s

A. C. U.
A. C. U.
A. C. U.

What's this mean? I don't know, do you?

NO.

Well watch this space next week, workingmen, if you want a place to locate for a home and employment, or write to

Box 8,

Hazelhurst,

Penn'a.

WORK FOR THE WINTER, Salary and Expenses or highest commissions paid **Weekly**; steady work, outfit **Free**; full instructions, no experience necessary, **Low Prices**; **Stock Warranted**, send for **Special terms**. Address,

CHAUTAUQUA NURSERY CO.,
39-4t Portland, N. Y.

Notice.

MCKEAN, ss. THE COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA TO THE SHERIFF OF SAID COUNTY.

GREETING. We command you, that you attach W. M. Page and John F. McCormick late partners doing business as Page and McCormick late of your County, by all and singular their goods and chattels, rights, monies, and credits, lands and tenements, in whose hands or possession soever the same may be, so that they be and appear before our Court of Common Pleas, to be held at Smethport, in and for said County on the first Monday of October next there to answer Bodine and Walker now for use of George A. Bodine, of a plea in Assumpsit, and also that you summon W. M. Page and John F. McCormick late partners doing business as Page and McCormick and the National Transit Company, and summon all persons in whose hands or possession the said goods and chattels, or any of them, may be attached, so that they and every of them be and appear before our said Court on the said first Monday of October next, to answer what shall be objected against them, and abide the judgment of the Court therein, and have you then and there this writ.

Witness, the Hon. A. G. Olmsted, President Judge of said Court at Smethport the 17th day of August, A. D. 1894.

GEO. W. MITCHELL, Prothonotary.
W. H. MONNINOR, Deputy.

Attest, A. B. WALKER, Sheriff 35-6t.

Executrix Notice.

The subscriber having been appointed Executrix under the last will and testament of Herman A. Young, deceased, late of McKean county, Pennsylvania, hereby gives notice that all persons having claims against said estate will present them for settlement without delay, and all persons indebted to the estate of said decedent will settle the same with.

OCELIA N. YOUNG,
Executrix.

Farmers Valley, Pa.,—35-6t.

PALMER & THOMPSON,

Livery, Feed and Sale

STABLES.

Largest, Best Equipped and Most Complete Livery Establishment in McKean county.

Prompt attention to orders by wire.

Mr. J. L. Griesinger

Nervous and Weak

All broken down, unable to sleep, distress and burning in my stomach, smothering and choking spells—this was my condition when I began to take Hood's Sarsaparilla. I have taken 3 bottles and feel like another man, can work with ease, weigh over 200, and am cured. I shall ever be ready to praise Hood's Sarsaparilla. J. L. GRIESINGER, New Granada, Pa.

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures

N. B. Be sure to get Hood's and only Hood's.

Hood's Pills are endorsed by thousands.

F. G. LINDHOLM & CO.

—NEW—

FALL AND WINTER GOODS.

FLANNELS of all kinds.

BROADCLOTH in all the leading shades.

YARNS of all grades and colors.

UNDERWEAR in scarlet, natural wool and white for women, men and children—all sizes

HATS AND CAPS—the latest for gents and boys.

MACKINTOSHES—For Ladies, Misses and Gentlemen.

SHOES—The line is complete and prices low. A full assort- of the Famous W. L. Douglas Shoes always on hand.

OUR STOCK OF GROCERIES is fresh and complete.

F. G. LINDHOLM & CO.

220 Main St., Smethport, Pa.

BOSS GROCERY

Save Your Money by Buying Your

GROCERIES

OF US AT

CASH PRICES!

We buy for cash and sell for cash, and can afford to sell on a much smaller margin of profit than stores which are doing a large credit business. Call in and get our prices, and having tried us once, you will come again.

We keep on hand and are constantly receiving a large stock of

CANNED GOODS, GROCERIES, PROVISIONS, FRUITS, ETC.

E. M. ROBERTS,

The Boss Grocer,

MAIN ST.

Below Chautauqua House.
n33-1tf

Albert Anderson

MANUFACTURER OF AND DEALER IN

FINE BOOTS & SHOES.

I have just received a line of Gentlemen's Footwear that merits the inspection of the public.

Lumbermen's shoes a specialty.

ALBERT ANDERSON,

OPERA HOUSE BLOCK,

SMETHPORT, PENN'A.

no23-1tf.

Smethport Mills,

C. E. BARRETT, Proprietor,

MANUFACTURER OF AND DEALER IN

FLOUR FEED, MEAL, BOLTED MEAL, &C.

Also in stock a fine line of flour, viz:

PILLSBURY'S BEST,	$1.30
GOLD BALL.	1.00

These goods have the reputation of being the best in the market for the money.

CHICKEN FEED.

I have on hand and am constantly receiving a large stock of "Chicken Wheat," the best food known for poultry. Don't fail to get some of this feed, as you will receive better results from your poultry by using wheat than can be obtained from any other food.

C. E. BARRETT.

Corner Mill and Mechanic Sts.

Auditor's Notice.

In re estate of John Stenstrom, deceased. } In the Orphans Court of McKean county.

The Auditor appointed by the Court to distribute the funds remaining in the hands of David Howells, administrator of the estate of John Stenstrom, deceased, as appears by his first and final account filed in said Court and confirmed absolutely, will meet the parties interested for the purpose of his appointment on Tuesday, the 16th day of October, 1894, at his office in Davis Block, Fraley street, Kane borough, when and where all persons interested are requested to present and have their claims or be debarred from participating in the distribution of said fund.

W. F. [illegible], Auditor.

Sept. 13th, 1894.—[illegible]

OLEAN, N.Y.

A [illegible]

A [illegible]

Fine French Kid, hand turned, price [illegible]

Widths A to E any size.

The finest quality of Vici Kid $4.00.

Men's new [illegible] calf [illegible]

tip, made fancy, hand made, price $5.00.

Send for Samples.

BLOODSWORTH & CO.,

Shoe Hustlers.

SPRING IN BRADFORD!

What we recommend has been time-tested. You can depend upon it. For eighteen years we have studied the market to get the best for the least. We buy enough to get things down. We sell as we buy, below everybody.

RUBBER PAINT.

A ready-mixed paint with plenty of India rubber in it. A paint that 3 times outlasts common paint, and always looks new, smooth, glossy.

No weather affects it. We have tested it for 15 years. $1.50 per gal.

SWEET'S BABY CABS.

For 8 years these Cabs have controlled the trade of this section.

Mothers have tried them and talked about them till most mothers use no other. Novelty springs, a new patent brake and handsome designs for them all.

125 Styles.

VOGT'S REFRIGERATORS.

Remarkably cheap, yet you or we can't tell why. They touch perfection in circulation, ventilation and economy. They are wonderfully easy to clean. Yet cost like the commonest ice boxes that some makers make

SOME NEW THINGS.

Pure aluminum is now being used for cooking utensils by everyone who sees it. Premier Egg Cups form a new way of cooking eggs. A new practical washing machine. New Bissell carpet sweepers, made in Vermillion wood.

CHAMBER SETS,	HARDWARE,
CHINA,	MILL SUPPLIES,
GLASSWARE,	STEAM FITTINGS,
SILVERWARE,	OIL WELL SUPPLIES,
KITCHEN WARE,	TOOLS. ALL KINDS.

Nowhere so plentiful—Nowhere so cheap,

—AS AT—

L. EMERY, JR., & CO.,

EMERY & WEAVER.

43-45 Main St. Bradford, Pa.

MONEY!
MONEY!
MONEY!

SAVED AT THE

HOO-HOO

LUMBER YARD!

By HOLMES & GILFILLAN, Smethport, Pa.

Washington Red Cedar

Pine and Hemlock--Very best

Flooring, lath, ceiling, siding, windows, doors, mouldings of every description; anything furnished in the building line.

CALL! and see their stock. 10 car loads of furnishing stock just received; more coming daily. Their stock will please you. Mail orders promptly shipped.

J. G. WILLIAMS

FRESH & SMOKED MEATS,

POULTRY and OYSTERS,

Groceries & Provisions,

Canned Goods, &c

The public are invited to make a careful inspection of my stock and prices.

J. G. WILLIAMS,

Main St., above Grand Central. SMETHPORT, PA.

Catching Rain Water

is a familiar practice in sections where the regular water supply is too hard for use. Its softness and purity make it very desirable on wash day. The same results can be derived by using

OAK-LEAF SOAP

It makes the hardest water soft, makes the clothes white without injuring them, and reduces the labor of washing one-half. Ask the grocer for it.

GOWANS & SONS,
Buffalo, N. Y.
Send for a Catalogue of Beautiful Pictures.

NEW YORK WEEKLY TRIBUNE

AND

The McKean County Miner,

ONE YEAR,

One Dollar and Fifty Cents.

Address all Orders to the Miner.

Complexion Preserved
DR. HEBRA'S
VIOLA CREAM
Removes Freckles, Pimples, Liver-Moles, Blackheads, Sunburn and Tan, and restores the skin to its original freshness, producing a clear and healthy complexion. Superior to all face preparations and perfectly harmless. At all druggists, or mailed for 50cts. Send for Circular.

VIOLA SKIN SOAP is simply incomparable as a skin purifying Soap, unequaled for the toilet, and without a rival for the nursery. Absolutely pure and delicately medicated. At druggists, Price 25 Cents.
G. C. BITTNER & CO., TOLEDO, O.

MONEY TO LOAN.
Loans made from $100 to $20,000 on Personal or Real Estate security. No publicity. Loans can be returned in small monthly payments or retained for a term of years to suit borrower. A loan from this Company will not injure the financial standing of any individual or firm. No bonus. Interest 6 per cent. annually. Money loaned for any purpose, such as to increase or enter business, to pay off mortgages, judgment notes, to build or purchase property, or in fact for any purpose that money may be desired. Address, Central Trust Company of Pa., 1330 Arch Street Philadelphia, Penna.

FRAZER AXLE GREASE
BEST IN THE WORLD.
Its wearing qualities are unsurpassed, actually outlasting two boxes of any other brand. Not effected by heat. GET THE GENUINE.
FOR SALE BY DEALERS GENERALLY.

Nothing On Earth Will
MAKE HENS LAY
LIKE
Sheridan's Condition Powder!
KEEPS YOUR CHICKENS
Strong and Healthy, Prevents all Disease.
Good for Moulting Hens.
It is absolutely pure. Highly concentrated. In quantity costs tenth of a cent a day. No other one-fourth as strong. Strictly a medicine. "One large can saved me $40; send six more to prevent Roup," says one customer. If you can't get it send to us. Ask first. Sample for 25 cts. in stamps, five packs $1. Large 2¼ lb. can, by mail, $1.20. Six large cans, $5 express prepaid. Sample copy of The Best Poultry Paper sent free. Farm-Poultry one year (price 50c.) and large can $1.50.
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will cure the disease and remove yellowness from skin and eyes. Warranted to cure.
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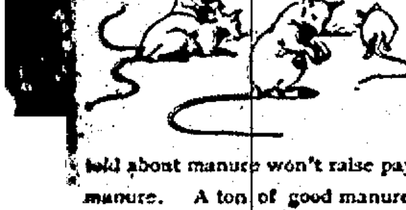

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M'KINLEY IN MAINE.

Convincing Speech Made by Ohio's Governor.

FULL OF FACTS THAT COUNT.

The Author of the Tariff Bill Assailed by the Democrats to the Great Detriment of the Country Presents Some Arguments In Favor of Republican Victories This Year That Cannot be Successfully Answered — The Facts Apply to Pennsylvania as Well as Maine.

The closing speech of the campaign in Maine, where the returns show a Republican majority greater by many thousands than ever before, was made by Governor McKinley, of Ohio, and it is conceded that to his matchless presentation of the issue is due in great measure the big majority. The Maine speech of Major McKinley fills six columns of space. We take from it and present here a few of the more forcible arguments presented, which are as applicable in Pennsylvania as in Maine. Among other things Governor McKinley said:

The Democratic president and Democratic congress have been running the government for eighteen months, during which time little else has been running. Industry has been practically stopped. Labor has found little employment, and when employed it has been at greatly reduced wages. Both government and people have been draining their reserves, and both have been running in debt. The government has suffered in its revenues and the people in their incomes. The total losses to the country in business, property and wages are beyond human calculation. There has been no cessation in the waste of wealth and wages, no contentment, brightness or hope has anywhere appeared. Discontent and distress have been universal. The appeals to charity have never been so numerous and incessant, nor their necessity everywhere so manifest. Congress has disappointed the people, trifled with the sacred trust confided to it, excited distrust and disgust among their constituents and impaired their enterprises and investments. In almost continuous session for thirteen months, they have done nothing but aggravate the situation. Pledged, if platforms mean anything, to overthrow our long continued policy of protection, they have quarreled and compromised, and, upon their own testimony, have been compromised.

THE TARIFF LAW.

The result of their long wrangle is a tariff law with which nobody is satisfied, a law which the chairman of the committee on ways and means and almost the entire Democratic side of the house condemned by a yea and nay vote only a few days before its passage, affirming their intention in the most solemn manner not to permit it to be enacted; a law which was never approved by a majority of either the house committee on ways and means or the senate committee of finance, who were charged with the preparation and management of the bill; a law which all factions of the Democratic party agree is the work of a monstrous trust which Chairman Wilson confessed in the house, amid the applause of his confederates, with deep chagrin and humiliation, held congress by the throat; a law which never received the deliberate consideration of the conference committee, and was not withdrawn by the senate only because of the forced and hurried action of the house in accepting it under the threat of the agents of the trust that it was "that or nothing," and in all human probability nothing; a law which since its passage the majority of the senators have rushed swiftly forward to denounce and condemn, although they are responsible for its passage; a law of which the house of representatives were so thoroughly ashamed that they had no sooner passed it than they made hot haste to seek its immediate amendment by passing supplementary bills, which put their tariffed sugar, coal, lead, iron and barbed wire on the free list under threat of still further similar assaults on the much disturbed and distressed industry of the country, utterly heedless of the stupendous ruin they had already wrought; a law which the president condemned before its passage, and from which, when passed, he withheld his approval; a law which was characterized, before its passage, by the greatest leader in the Democratic party, the senior senator from New York, as "a violation of Democratic pledges and principles," and which was denounced by the official head of the government as such an act of "party perfidy and party dishonor" that if the house should at last concur in it, "they would not dare to look the people of the country in the face," and which the executive still condemns, since their surrender, as the very "communism of pelf."

A FATAL MISTAKE.

Those who believe that the present administration was to settle the tariff question and take it out of the domain of politics and public discussion have already discovered their costly mistake, for they find that even those who made the law spurn it as a settlement where the participants—those who projected and carried it on—boldly declare either that it is no settlement, or, if anything, a spurious one.

After eighteen months useless agitation, not yet content with the vast ruin they have wrought, they are still unwilling to give the business interests of the country any rest or relief, but continue and constantly renew the threat of still other and more hurtful changes in our tariff schedule. Even the president himself in his letter to Congressman Catchings, of Mississippi, says:

"The millions of our countrymen who have fought bravely and well for tariff reform—not excepting this bill—should be exhorted to continue the struggle, boldly challenging to open warfare and constantly guarding against treachery and half heartedness in their camp."

And who, while he permitted the bill to become a law, lacking the moral courage to veto it, yet boastingly announces:

"I take my place with the rank and file of the Democratic party who believe in tariff reform and who know what it is; who refuse to accept the results embodied in this bill as the close of the war; who are not blinded to the fact that the livery of Democratic tariff reform has been stolen and worn in the service of Republican protection; and who have marked the places where the deadly blight of treason has blasted the councils of the brave in their hour of might."

STRONG AND SANGUINARY.

Strong and sanguinary words, these, and new to Mr Cleveland's vocabulary—"treason" and the "close of the war." War for and against what? Traitors against whom and what? War against the best and highest interests of the people of the United States, whose chief executive, nevertheless, he is. War against our industrial independence and business prosperity. How blithely he sounds the note of battle. How confidently he again calls to arms every enemy to our industrial system and challenges to open warfare the friends of American prosperity and American labor. How scornfully he characterizes as traitors in his party every friend, however weak and hesitating, both in congress and out, to the cause of American protection.

Even the active agents to the settlement avow it as a settlement which does not settle anything. They openly disclaim it as such and invite the protectionists of the country to again join issue with them on the doctrine of free trade against protection, which they declared in their last national platform was a "fraud and robbery."

THE CHALLENGE ACCEPTED.

Then, as now, we accept their challenge and appeal to the voters of the country for their suffrage, but even if the Democratic leaders were satisfied with what they have done, before the settlement could be accepted as final and the country be set at rest the new law must pass the review of the people and be approved by them. If the country was disposed to accept it as final, and could permanently adjust business to it, the party in power would not have it so. They have so declared with boldness and unanimity. This means, unfortunately, a constant agitation until the 4th day of March, 1895, at least, and for two years longer after that unless the people in the congressional elections this year make the house Republican, in which event no further wrecking of our industries or interference with the laboring people can occur during the administration of President Cleveland.

What will your verdict be? A Democratic victory means further and longer steps in the direction of free trade—deeper cuts and more deadly blows upon our industrial life. A Republican victory—a Republican house—means that during the closing half of Mr. Cleveland's administration the enemies of the protective system will be unable to successfully wage war upon the prosperity of the country. On which side will you vote—for more war or less war? For further attacks upon the home industries that are still running, or for more industry at home? If it be true that a revival of business and general prosperity are to follow the passage of the new law, as is claimed by our political adversaries, then why should they interfere with the glad prospect by still further changes in tariff schedules or renewed agitation of the subject?

THE LAW OF 1890.

The law of 1890 was enacted for the American people and the American home. Whatever mistakes were made by it were all made in favor of the occupations and the firesides of the American people. It did not take away a single day's work from a solitary American workingman. It gave work and wages to all, such as they never had before. It did it by establishing new and great industries in this country, which increased the demand for the skill and handiwork of our laborers everywhere. It had no friends in Europe. It gave their industries no stimulus; it gave no employment to their labor at the expense of our own, and this cannot be truthfully said of the law of 1894.

During more than two years of the administration of President Harrison, and down to its end, it raised all the revenue necessary to pay the vast expenditures of the government, including the interest on the public debt and the pensions. It never encroached upon the reserve, which in the past has always been sacredly preserved for the redemption of outstanding paper obligations of the government.

During all of its operations down to the change and reversal of its policy by the election of 1892, no man can assert that in the industries affected by it wages were too high, although they were higher than ever before in this or any other country. If any can be found, I beg that they be named. I challenge the enemies of the law of 1890 to name a single industry of that kind.

Further, I assert that in the industries affected by that law, and which that law fostered, no American consumer suffered by the increased cost of any home products that he bought. He never bought them so low before, nor did he ever enjoy the benefit of so much open, free, home competition. Neither producer nor consumer, employer or employe suffered by that law.

Will somebody name the provisions of the new law which is an improvement on the old? Let us stop generalization. Let us know what you mean. It is asserted in some quarters that it is better "because the rates of duty are less, and the average percentage lower." In whose interests are these lower duties? Whom do they benefit?

THE NEW FREE LIST.

Let us examine briefly the free list of the new law. It has taken from the dutiable list of the law of 1890 and put on the free list articles the value of which, as imported in 1893, was $41,[illegible],603.71. Now, of what does this free list consist? Nearly one-half of it—or, to be exact, $18,[illegible]—was the farmer's wool. Then $10,1[illegible],301.11 was lumber, and $1,512,574.41 agricultural products. Flax and hemp, the importations of which last year amounted to $1,730,231, are transferred from the dutiable list and placed upon the free list. Your free list, therefore, consists chiefly and almost exclusively of the products of the farm and forest, which amount in all to $31,[illegible]. The balance of this much vaunted free list, amounting to $9,[illegible], consists chiefly of manufactured articles, although nearly one-quarter of it, or $2,281,[illegible], consists in painting, statuary and other works of art.

Now let us see what constitutes their boasted reduction of duties. On the basis of importations of last year they have reduced the tariff on leaf tobacco and Havana cigars $1,634,912. On liquors they have reduced duties more than $1,2[illegible]. The duty on brandy, for example, is reduced from $2.50 per gallon under the law of 1890 to $1.80 under the new law. On laces and embroideries they have reduced the duties based upon the importations of last year $1,537,800; silk dress goods, plushes, etc., $2,7[illegible]; on ostrich feathers and flowers, $296,330; on kid gloves, $670,010; on chinaware, $2,222,967; on paintings and statuary, $422,657; on pearl buttons, $224,000; on plate and cut glass, $715,607; on opium for smoking, $[illegible],073; on jewelry, $78,000. How the reduced tariffs on these articles will relieve the poor man! What relief these changes will bring him! Every one is an article of luxury. Not one has any place in the list of necessities. All are articles which are chiefly used by the wealthy and opulent, the best conditioned of our country.

TO ENRICH THE TRUST.

Yet these reductions had all to be made to give the Democratic congress an excuse for putting a duty upon sugar, a necessity to every household in the land, that they might enrich the trust, already fattened, as they allege, by its ill gotten gains. What comfort will it bring to the average American home, the modest households of the great masses of the people, to be told that the duties have been reduced on laces, silks, Havana cigars, cut glass, jewelry, ostrich feathers, velvets, liquors and opium? Yet such is the compensation the American people are given for the added burden of 1⅛c or more, upon every pound of sugar they consume.

The reduction of the duties on woolen goods on the basis of the importations of 1893 is in round numbers $19,[illegible], more than $12,[illegible] of these duties from wool, plushes and embroideries, Axminister carpets, fine cloths and fashionable dress goods used almost exclusively by the wealthy, which do not figure at all in the household expenses of the great majority of people, while the reductions made upon cotton goods are of a very similar character. The reciprocity clause of the law of 1890 has been repealed by the law of 1894. It was intended to encourage foreign trade, and in two years of its operation it has accomplished much for the trade of the United States, and especially for the benefit of our agricultural interests.

Our trade with Cuba under this reciprocity clause had increased from $11,000,000 to $24,000,000 annually, and with Brazil from $7,[illegible] to $15,[illegible], while with a number of other countries a large and growing trade had been secured. All this is surrendered for taxed sugar, and the morning press announces that some of the countries with which we had made reciprocal treaties are instituting retaliatory duties against our flour, wheat, beef, pork and other products because of the needless and foolish abrogation of their treaties.

ROUGH ON THE FARMER.

They have struck the farmer right and left; they have shown him no mercy whatever. The deadliest blow is against those who grow wool, who can surely appreciate the irony of the president's devotion to their interests when they recall the paragraph he gives them in his famous letter to Mr. Wilson. It will be remembered that he then said:

"In these circumstances it may well excite our wonder that Democrats are willing to depart from this, the most Democratic of all tariff principles (free raw materials), and that the inconsistent absurdity of such a proposed departure should be emphasized by the suggestion that the wool of the farmer be put on the free list and the protection of tariff taxation be placed around the iron ore and coal corporations and capitalists. How can we face the people after indulging in such outrageous discriminations and violations of principle?"

And yet in the face of this the president did not have the backbone to veto such an unjust and "outrageous measure." However, in anticipation of free wool, the farmer has been suffering ever since the election of 1892. He has been practically forced in all these months to take the free trade price in the market at Liverpool. The increased production of wool in the United States in 1892, as against 1891, was [illegible] pounds, and the total production of that year was [illegible] pounds. In the past year the number of sheep has decreased from 47,[illegible] to 45,[illegible]. This is the result of the anticipation of the opening up of the wool market of our country to the unrestrained competition of the wool growers of other lands.

DECREASE IN SHEEP VALUES.

The value of the sheep in the United States has declined from $125,909,264 on the 1st of January, 1893, to $89,186,110 on the 1st of January, 1894, a shrinkage of more than $36,000,000 in a single twelve months. This shrinkage, which is most appealing, falls upon the farmers of the country, many of whom are in debt, and some of whom have mortgages upon their property, and were relying, in part at least, upon a fair price for their wool to cancel them. Every dollar of the loss comes from the farmers' pocket, and no one is now more poorly prepared to bear it.

The free list under the law of 1890 took from the dutiable list non-competing goods of the value of $100,[illegible]. The new law now takes from the dutiable list goods amounting in value to $41,[illegible]. It also takes from the free list articles which are prime necessaries of life amounting to $113,215,[illegible], upon which they propose to collect a duty of $[illegible]. They have increased the rates over the law of 1890 on various articles to the value of $15,074,[illegible].

But I am not here to discuss tariff rates or schedules. These are subject to change, up or down, as new conditions require, but my insistance is that these changes must ever be governed by the protective principle, and within that principle rates may be, should be, and will be amended as time, new processes of manufacture and changed commercial conditions require; but they must not fall below a rate which will adequately measure the difference between the American scale of wages and that of competing countries, and must always be in favor of the labor of our own country and the home market of our people. The principle upon which they were made is not subject to amendment. The tariff policy of this country must be protective. That is what we contend for—that is what we mean to have.

They have disappointed every reasonable expectation they raised in the campaign of 1892, but justified every fear or evil prediction urged against them. They have ignored every promise. They have disregarded every obligation. They have broken faith with a trusting people, and exposed their insincerity and double dealing. They appear before the American people today totally discredited and in disgrace upon their own confessions, before the close of half the presidential term. They have utterly failed to redeem any pledge made to the people, and after more than a year's continuous session of congress are forced to acknowledge their infirmity, imbecility and lack of united purpose to carry out any single one of the great promises of the campaign. They have exhibited their inherent weakness, and have disclosed irreconcilable differences with the party. The senate does not agree with the house, nor the house with the senate, nor either with itself or the president, while the great body of the people is decidedly at variance with all of them.

Under such anomalous circumstances is it any wonder that President Cleveland, in his letter to Chairman Wilson, should have mournfully exclaimed:

"There is no excuse for mistaking or misapprehending the feeling and the temper of the rank and file of the Democracy. They are downcast under the assertion that their party fails in ability to manage the government, and they are apprehensive that efforts to bring about tariff reform may fail, but they are much more downcast and apprehensive in their fear that Democratic principles may be surrendered. No party can be safely trusted with the sacred interests of the people or the control of the government without it possesses a fixed, honest and enlightened purpose."

Singleness of purpose is necessary to every reform, indispensable to wise administration and legislation. The want of quality is the infirmity of the present administration and the present congress.

VICTORY DUE TO DISCONTENT.

Could the people have expected any different result or condition under the circumstances of the last presidential election? The Democratic victory was due to discontent of every kind. It was not the result of unity of purpose, nor of lofty and united public sentiment. It was the outcome of misguided judgment, pique, spleen and prejudice. The majority of those who voted for Mr. Cleveland and this present Democratic congress did not agree on any principle or policy. They had their several different reasons for opposing the Republican party, and their temporary union was not inspired by devotion to Democratic principles, purposes or policies. Free silver men voted the Democratic ticket; opponents of free silver, or to any silver as circulating medium, voted it; the wildest inflationists, as well as those inflexibly opposed to every form of inflation of our currency, voted it; the protectionist voted it because he did not believe the Democratic leaders would be reckless enough to disturb the tariff; the free trader voted it in the belief that the Democratic leaders would abolish all custom houses and inaugurate unrestricted commerce with all the world; the Populist and those whom they call the "gold bugs of Wall street" voted it; the single tax men, the disciples of Henry George, voted it, while thousands who hate all such vagaries voted it; the silver standard, the gold standard, the double standard, the paper money advocates and the advocates of state bank money voted it; the pensioners voted it, and those who were certain that the Democratic leaders could be counted upon to wipe out all pensions voted it. And when it was all over and the victory was won by these various antagonistic and contending elements, the realization of their hopes and the enactment of a legislation for the good of the country were, of course, found to be utterly impossible.

THE NATURAL SEQUENCE.

Failure and disappointment were bound to follow an administration and congress thus chosen, and the whole country suffers as a result. The administration and congress are without compass or rudder. They have at length passed a tariff law such as it is, but if we credit Democratic testimony alone the people burn with impatience for an opportunity to repudiate both it and them. We could bear with resignation their party differences and demoralization if the Democratic party was the sole sufferer, but when we contemplate the widespread ruin to business and enterprise and employment, we appreciate the dreadful sacrifice which this administration has installed and the appalling mistake of 1892.

The law of 1894 is not national, it is sectional. Every paragraph manifests its inspiration and discloses its authors. It has been considerate of the manufacturers of the south, but has not spared the vast industries of the north. Whatever protection has been given to the great north and northwest has been grudgingly given, and only because without it no tariff law could have been passed, and where concessions have been made to northern industries it will be found that they were made at the dictation of southern people whose interests were identical with those of the people of the north. Have you reflected that the minority, and not the majority, representing the great industries and occupations of the people made this law?

FOR THE BENEFIT OF THE SOUTH.

By the census of 1890 the manufacturing products of all the states in the Union were $9,[illegible] in value. Of this vast sum the entire south, including Maryland, produced by the same census but $1,2[illegible], or about 12 per cent, or one-eighth of the whole. This small fraction of our industrial life dictates the industrial policy of the whole nation. Eighty-eight per cent of our manufactured products and natural resources and nine-tenths of the interests employed were not consulted, or even considered, in making up the tariff. New York, whose manufacturing product exceeds that of the entire south by $[illegible], was totally ignored, except as to a single industry at Troy, and the senior senator representing that greatest manufacturing state in the Union refused to submit it to the dictation of the south, and voted against the bill. Pennsylvania, too, whose manufacturing product is greater by $12[illegible] than that of the whole south together, had no voice in the framing of the tariff law, which was to affect every home and every day's labor in the state. New England [illegible] could not protest as it witnessed the destructive cyclone sweep [illegible] over and against its industries.

A few [illegible] The majority [illegible] the majority [illegible] wealth will [illegible]

Sailed the Seas 38 Years.

Capt. A. P. Loud is a prominent resident of Hampden, Me. For 38 years he sailed the seas and, upon retiring from that calling, was appointed by the U. S. government to superintend its interests in the Alaska seal fisheries, a position he held five years. In speaking of his experience, he says: "For several years I was greatly troubled with nervousness, and a pain in the region of my heart. It was almost impossible for me to get rest and sleep. Physicians from New York to San Francisco did me no good, but Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine and New Heart Cure speedily and completely cured me. I owe my present and excellent health to them.

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Greek Humor.

When, after Salamis, Xerxes was in full flight for Asia, and the overcrowded vessel, so the story ran, was laboring in the storm, Xerxes, getting frightened, asked the captain whether there was any chance of safety. "None," said the captain, "unless the ship is lightened of some of its passengers." Whereupon Xerxes, turning to the Persians, exclaimed, "Now is the time to show your loyalty to your king, for on you my safety depends." And without a word the well trained courtiers made obeisance and leaped into the sea.

Thus unburdened, the ship arrived at the land, whereupon Xerxes presented the captain with a golden crown for having saved the king's life, and then ordered his head off for having caused the death of so many noble Persians.—Westminster Review.

Artificial Glaciers.

An excellent object lesson has been given by Herr Koch, the German physicist, who wishes to illustrate the formation of glaciers to his students. He took a square tray, having a sloping gutter, down which yellow pitch, resembling colophony, which, like ice, is plastic under pressure and brittle under tension, was allowed to flow, the gutter being first lined with very hot pitch so as to give the main flow a better hold on the sides. Transverse fissures, like the crevices in a glacier, appear in the middle of the stream, and smaller ones join them from the edges. Where the bed widens longitudinal crevices are produced.—London Times.

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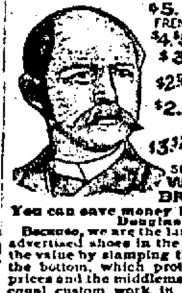

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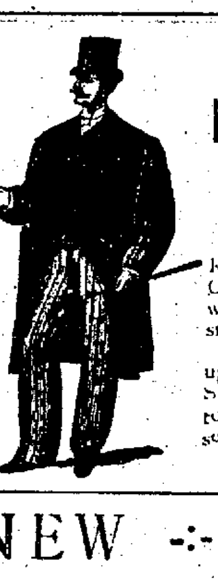
NEW GOODS AT LOWER PRICES.
New Dress Serges and Dress Goods of latest patterns, Ginghams, Calicos, Muslins &c.
Hosiery of the latest styles, and warranted Fast Colors.
Uuderwear of many varieties. Toweling, Towels, Tabling and Napkins.
Millinery: New Sailors and other articles, the first of the season, and at prices to suit the times.
MRS. T. D. NASH.
Smethport, Pa., Aug. 30, 1894.

DISTANT
NEAR
DISTANT
NEAR

FRIDAY, OCT. 19th, 1894.
ONE DAY ONLY, EACH VISIT.
FREE EYE EXAMINATION.
There is no safer, surer, or cheaper method of obtaining proper relief for overstrained and defective eyesight, headache and so forth, than to consult ELLIOTT HOUSEWORTH, the eye specialist. The happy results from correctly-fitted glasses are a grateful surprise to persons who have not before known the real profit to themselves in wearing glasses. NO CHARGE to examine your eyes. All glasses guaranteed.
ELLIOTT HOUSEWORTH, of Philadelphia,
SPECIALIST ON THE EYE.
AT THE STORE OF H. L. ARMSTRONG, JEWELER, MAIN ST., SMETHPORT, PA.

H. W. RUBIN & CO.
(AT THE OLD STAND)
ARE NOW READY TO SHOW THE PUBLIC
A COMPLETE LINE OF
SPRING CLOTHING SPRING
CONSISTING OF
Men's, Boys' and Children's Suits
OF THE LATEST PATTERNS AND STYLES.
Prices are as LOW as they can be bought in the City, while the quality is GUARANTEED. Money refunded if not as represented.
Also carry in our MERCHANT TAILORING Department the most complete stock of Foreign and Domestic Goods.
A PERFECT FIT GUARANTEED AT ALL TIMES!
SUITS MADE UP ON SHORT NOTICE!
We carry a FULL LINE of Gents' Furnishing Goods, Men's Shoes, &c.
AT THE OPERA HOUSE STORE
WE CARRY A FULL LINE
READY-MADE CLOTHING, DRY GOODS, LADIES AND CHILDREN'S SHOES, &c.

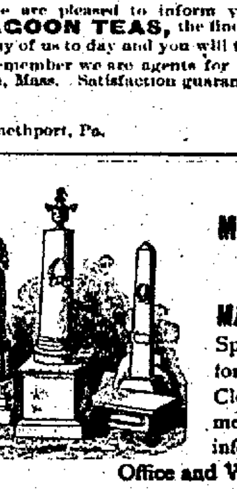
NEW GOODS!
NEW GOODS!
RECEIVED DAILY AT THE STORE OF
D. C. YOUNG.
SUMMER GOODS!
In great Profusion.
THE FINEST LINE OF WHITE GOODS
Ever shown in this Place.
ALL THE SPRING NOVELTIES IN DRESS GOODS,
And, in fact, everything ever kept in a GENERAL STORE
New line of SHIRT WAISTS from 50 cents up.
SMETHPORT, PA., May 16, 1894. D. C. YOUNG



V. KLAPPENBACH,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
Opposite Billiard Room,
Main Street, Smethport, Pa.,
Keeps an assortment of English and French Goods on hand from which to select. Suits will be made up in the latest and most approved styles, and entire satisfaction guaranteed.
Boys' suits to order, from $3.50 to $5 and up, including extra pair pants. Gents' fine Suits from $12 to $17 and up. Gents' fine Pants to order for $6.50 and up. Give me a call and select your goods and leave your measure.
V. Klappenbach.

NEW FURNITURE
SPECHT & SASSE
We have a large stock of the latest designs in furniture and we are able to offer some very attractive bargains. If you want a single piece of furniture or an outfit for your home, it will pay you to see our store.
DON'T FAIL TO CALL
before making a purchase elsewhere
Undertaking in all its branches a specialty.
Corner of Main and Union Streets SMETHPORT, PA.

DO NOT FORGET
TO CALL AT
P. D. HOPKINS,
Corner Mill and Mechanic Streets,
Where can be found a full line of
DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, BOOTS, SHOES, &c
OUR FLOUR is just elegant try it.
We are pleased to inform you that we shall hereafter sell BURKE'S DRAGOON TEAS, the finest ever brought the American Continent.
Buy of us to day and you will to morrow.
Remember we are agents for the Clothing House, of G. W. Simmons & Co., Boston, Mass. Satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded
Smethport, Pa. P. D. HOPKINS.



EXCELSIOR
MARBLE AND GRANITE WORKS,
W. H. PRENTISS, PROPRIETOR,
[Successor to W. H. PRENTISS & CO.]
MARBLE, GRANITE and CEMETERY WORK.
Special attention will be paid to all orders for grading and fencing of Cemetery Lots, Cleaning, Resetting or Lettering of Monuments and Headstones. For prices or any information call at office or address me.
Office and Works on Water St., Smethport, Pa.

TRAVELER'S GUIDE.

TIME TABLE

WESTERN NEW YORK PENNSYLVANIA

In effect Jul. 8, 1894.

Trains leave Smethport for Larrabee, Eldred, Olean, Bradford, Rochester and Buffalo as follows:

BUFFALO EXPRESS.........9:12 A. M.
BUFFALO MAIL............2:21 P. M.

Train leaving Smethport at 2:21 p. m. connects at Olean with River Division for Allegany, Salamanca, Oil City and Pittsburg.

For Clermont, Johnsonburg, and points south:

CLERMONT MAIL.............7:12 A. M.
CLERMONT ACCOMMOD'N....12:30 P. M.
LOCAL......................7:40 P. M.

Clermont Mail connects through to Johnsonburg.

Get Time Tables giving full information from A. E. WORNER, Ticket Agent,
R. BELL, General Supt.,
J. A. FELLOWS, Gen. Pas'r. & T'k. Ag't., Buffalo, N. Y.

Bradford, Bordell and Kinzua R. R. Co.

Direct lines between Bradford, Kane and the Elk county oil field.

TIME TABLE IN EFFECT MAY 14, 1894.

WESTWARD.				EASTWARD.		
p.m.	p.m.	a.m.	STATIONS.	a.m.	a.m.	p.m.
7 45	......	9 37	ar..Bradford...lv	7 30	......	[illegible]
7 03	......	8 57	Kinzua Junct'n	8 05	......	[illegible]
6 57	......	8 49	Aiken	8 12	......	[illegible]
6 45	......	8 40	Davis	8 22	......	[illegible]
6 39	......	8 31	Simpson	8 31	......	[illegible]
6 21	......	8 17	Ormsby	8 43	......	[illegible]
6 03	......	7 57	Smethport	9 15	......	[illegible]
5 55	......	7 30	Mt. Jewett	9 20	......	[illegible]
5 10	......	6 30	Kane	10 15	......	[illegible]
4 45	......	......	Carlsons	10 55	......	......
4 34	......	......	Spring Creek	11 04	......	......
4 17	......	......	Sheffield J.	11 16	......	......
4 02	......	......	Watson	11 21	......	......
3 20	......	......	Marienville	12 35	......	......
1 05	......	......	Clarion	2 50	......	......
12 35	......	......	Foxburg	3 47	......	......
11 40	......	......	Parker	4 00	......	......
11 30	......	......	Petrolia	4 25	......	......
11 05	......	......	Karns	4 30	......	......
10 40	......	......	Millerstown	4 55	......	......
10 05	......	......	Butler	5 35	......	......
8 15	......	......	Wildwood	7 02	......	......
7 30	......	......	Allegheny	7 45	......	......
a.m.				p.m.		

JNO. C. McKENNA,
Superintendent.

Buffalo, Rochester & Pittsburgh Railway

THE SHORT LINK

On and after June 17, 1894, passenger trains between Buffalo, Rochester, Salamanca, Bradford, Ridgway, DuBois, Punxsutawney and the Coal and Lumber Regions of Pennsylvania, will leave Bradford and Mt. Jewett, daily except Sunday, as follows:

LEAVE BRADFORD—EAST BOUND.

7.45 a. m.—Buffalo & Rochester Express—For Salamanca, Ellicottville, Springville, Colden, Buffalo, Machias, Gainesville, Silver Springs, Warsaw, LeRoy and Rochester.

2.15 p. m.—Mail—For Salamanca, Ellicottville, Springville, Colden, Buffalo, Machias, Gainesville, Silver Springs, Warsaw, LeRoy, and Rochester.

5.10 p. m.—Buffalo Express—Daily. For Limestone, Carrollton, Salamanca, Ellicottville, Springville, Colden and Buffalo.

LEAVE MT. JEWETT—SOUTH-BOUND.

8.02 a. m.—Accommodation—For Johnsonburg, Ridgway, Brockwayville, DuBois and Punxsutawney.

2.57 p. m.—Mail—For Johnsonburg, Ridgway, Brockwayville, DuBois and Punxsutawney.

Thousand Mile Tickets, good for passage between all stations, at two cents per mile.

Passengers are requested to purchase tickets before entering the cars. An excess charge of TEN CENTS will be collected by Conductors when fares are paid on trains, from all stations where a Ticket Office is maintained.

For time tables and full information call on or address any of the Company's agents, or
D. LUNDERGAN, Agent Bradford, Pa.
EDWARD C. LAPEY,
R. G. MATTHEWS, Gen'l Passenger Agent,
Gen'l Superintendent, Rochester, N. Y.
Buffalo, N. Y.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

PHILADELPHIA & ERIE DIVISION TIME TABLE. In effect Nov. 19th, 1893.

TRAINS LEAVE EMPORIUM JUNCTION EASTWARD.

8:25 a. m.—Train 8, daily except Sunday, for Sunbury, Harrisburg and intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia 6:50 p. m., New York 10:08 p. m., Baltimore 7:30 p. m., Washington 8:37 p. m. Pullman Parlor car through from Williamsport and passenger coaches from Kane to Philadelphia.

3:00 p. m.—Train 6, daily except Sunday, for Harrisburg and intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia 4:30 a. m., New York 7:33 a. m. Pullman sleeping cars from Harrisburg to Philadelphia and New York. Philadelphia passengers can remain in sleeper undisturbed until 7:00 a. m.

9:30 p. m.—Train 4, daily for Sunbury, Harrisburg and intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia 6:50 a. m., New York 9:33 a. m., 10:35 a. m. Sundays. Baltimore 6:20 a. m. Washington 7.40 a. m. Pullman sleeping cars from Erie and Williamsport to Philadelphia and passenger cars from Erie to Philadelphia, and Williamsport to Baltimore. Passengers in sleeper for Baltimore and Washington will be transferred into Washington sleeper at Harrisburg.

WESTWARD.

5:10 a. m.—Train 1, daily except Sunday for Ridgway, DuBois Clermont and intermediate stations, leaves Ridgway 3:00 p. m. for Erie.

10:25 a. m.—Train 3, daily for Erie and intermediate stations.

7:05 p. m.—Train 11 daily except Sunday Kane and intermediate stations.

THROUGH TRAINS for EMPORIUM JUNCTION FROM THE EAST AND SOUTH.

Train 1 leaves Renovo 6:35 a. m., daily except Sunday, arriving at Emporium Jc. 8:10 a. m.

Train 11 leaves Philadelphia 8:50 a. m., Washington a. m. 7:50, Baltimore 8:55 a.m., Wilkesbarre 10:15 a. m., daily, except Sunday, arriving at Emporium Junction 7:05 p. m. with Pullman Parlor car from Philadelphia to Williamsport and passenger coaches to Kane.

Train 3, leaves New York 8:00 p. m., Philadelphia 11:20 p. m., Washington 10:40 p. m., Baltimore 11:50 p. m., daily arriving at Emporium June. 10:25 a.m., with Pullman Palace sleeping cars from Philadelphia to Erie and from Washington and Baltimore to Williamsport and passenger coaches from Philadelphia to Erie.

JOHNSONBURG RAILROAD.

Daily except Sunday.

NORTH A. M. Lv.	STATIONS.	SOUTH Ar. A. M.
9 40	Ridgway	11 55
9 55	Johnsonburg	11 40
10 10	Glen Hazel	11 26
10 19	Straight	11 17
10 24	Instanter	11 12
10 30	Smith's Run	11 06
10 37	Woodvale	10 59
10 45	Clermont	10 55

Connections are made with train 1, leaving Johnsonburg at 3:18 p. m. for Erie and intermediate points, arriving at Erie at 8:05 p. m.; also at Ridgway with train 6, leaving Ridgway at 1:45 p. m. for Philadelphia, New York, Baltimore and Washington.

S. M. PREVOST, General Manager.
J. R. WOOD, Gen'l Passenger Ag't.

COUDERSPORT & PORT ALLEGANY Railroad Time Table, takes effect Monday, Dec. 18, 1893.

AR. EASTW'D.			STATIONS.	L'V WESTW'D.		
A. M.	P. M.	P. M.		A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
10.58	8.02	1.00	Coudersport	8.30	1.30	5.20
10.56	8.01	12.58	Pine Creek Jc	8.32	1.32	5.22
10.55	7.59	12.56	Hammond	8.34	1.34	5.24
10.50	7.56	12.53	Fish Basket	8.38	1.39	5.29
10.47	7.54	12.50	Olmsted	8.40	1.42	5.32
10.41	7.50	12.45	Mina	8.44	1.47	5.37
10.32	7.44	12.38	Knowlton	8.50	1.55	5.45
10.27	7.40	12.33	Roulette	8.55	2.02	5.51
10.14	7.32	12.23	Burtville	9.04	2.12	[illegible]
10.06	7.25	12.16	Coleman	9.11	2.19	6.07
10.00	7.20	12.11	Port Allegany	9.15	2.25	6.15

PINE CREEK DIVISION.

1.08 p m	6.15 a m	Coudersport	a m 7.10	p m 2.50
1.11	6.18	Pine Creek Junction	7.07	2.46
1.17	6.24	Fair Grounds	7.02	2.42
1.20	6.27	Ladona	6.59	2.39
1.28	6.35	Sweden Valley	6.50	2.30

Trains run on eastern standard time.
B. A. McCLURE, Sup't.

BUFFALO & SUSQUEHANNA R. R. TIME TABLE.

Took effect Monday, July 16th, 1894.

5	3	1	STATIONS.	2	4	6
p.m.	p.m.	a.m.	Ar. Dp.	a.m.	p.m.	p.m.
7:33	2:15	9:00	Keating	9:15	2:30	7:30
7:10	1:50	8:40	Cowley Junc.	9:35	2:47	8:10
6:18	1:25	8:15	Austin	10:00	3:05	8:30
6:01	......	8:00	Costello	10:30	3:23	......
5:42	......	7:40	Wharton	10:48	3:41	......
5:32	......	7:33	Brooks	10:56	3:47	......
5:06	......	7:19	Hull	11:20	4:05	......
4:20	......	6:40	Cross Fork Jc	12:30	4:20	......
3:22	......	5:38	Germania	1:25	5:15	......
3:10	......	5:20	Galeton	1:40	5:25	......
p.m.	p.m.	a.m.	Dp. Ar.	p.m.	p.m.	
	p.m.	a.m.	Cross Fork Br.	p.m.	p.m.	
	4:20	6:40	ar Cr F'k Jc dp	11:25	4:40	
	3:20	5:40	lv Cross F'k ar	1:25	5:40	

H. Hutchinson, Train Master.
C. W. Goodyear, Gen'l Manager.

$40.00 PER WEEK
FOR
WILLING WORKERS
of either sex, any age, in any part of the country, at the employment which we furnish. You need not be away from home over night. You can give your whole time to the work, or only your spare moments. As capital is not required you run no risk. We supply you with all that is needed. It will cost you nothing to try the business. Any one can do the work. Beginners make money from the start. Failure is unknown with our workers. Every hour you labor you can easily make a dollar. No one who is willing to work fails to make more money every day than can be made in three days at any ordinary employment. Send for free book containing the fullest information.
H. HALLETT & CO.,
Box 880,
PORTLAND, MAINE.